

## OUR POSTMASTER DEAD.

Henry Curran Passes Away Very Suddenly at His Home, the Curran House, This Morning.

When people came down town this morning they were startled to hear the announcement, "Henry Curran is dead." It came as a great surprise to all, like a thunderbolt from a clear sky, as no one knew that Mr. Curran was in the least indisposed, and in fact he had been about each day and sat up reading until nearly 11 o'clock last night, when he retired, but during the evening while his brother, John D. Curran, sat with him, he made the remark that he had a soreness about his chest, pronouncing it a sort of rheumatic difficulty. At 5:30 o'clock this morning Mr. Curran spoke to his wife, a factory whistle blowing at the time, saying "It is now half-past five." These were his last words and at about 6 o'clock Mrs. Curran noticed that her husband was breathing peculiarly and looking at him noticed that his face was discolored. She tried to arouse him and failing to do so, called his brother, Dr. von Neupert, Jr., was summoned, and although he responded at once, before his arrival our genial postmaster had passed away, death being attributed to heart failure, and came at 6:05 o'clock. Mr. Curran had used tobacco practically all his life, but of late years with moderation, having been warned that if he did not discontinue, it would affect his heart. His sudden death, as said before, is a shock to the entire community and his loss is indeed a great one.

Henry Curran was born near Mt. Carroll, Winnebago county, Ill., Jan. 1, 1841, and was therefore in the 67th year of his age. He came to this county with his parents in 1847, locating at Plover, where his father opened a general store, which he operated until his death in 1852. The wife and mother died four years later. The children continued to make Plover their home and on May 10, 1861, Henry enlisted in Co. E, 5th Wis. Vol., and served until July, 1864. He re-enlisted the following September, becoming a sergeant major of the reorganized 5th Wis. Vol. in December of the same year. The following February he was promoted to second lieutenant of Co. A and further promoted to captain of Co. G. After the battles of Petersburg and Sailors Creek he was brevetted major for meritorious conduct. Major Curran was mustered out June, 1865, having participated in all the battles of the army of the Potomac, except that of the first Bull Run, and was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864, a minnie ball striking him in the left leg below the knee, which laid him up until the middle of the following July. He was also injured in the same battle by a bullet striking the brass plate of his belt, causing a severe contusion of the stomach. It has been well said that no braver soldier ever fought the battles of his country than Henry Curran, and his army record is indeed one to be proud of. At Petersburg the command led by him was the first to enter the enemy's works at the storming of the place; at Sailors Creek he and his command were in charge of the skirmish line when Gen. Ewell, of the Confederate service, surrendered with his army of about 7,000 men, three days before the surrender of Gen. Lee. He also took a prominent part in other engagements, battles, etc., but was always modest about telling of his individual valor.

After the close of his army life, Mr. Curran returned to Stevens Point, where on the 2d of December, 1866, in company with his brother, J. D. Curran, he engaged in the hotel business, which he followed ever since with the exception of three years, when the Curran House was managed by Geo. W. Ghoca. On the 11th of October, 1866, he was united in marriage to Miss Addie Walker and to them three children were born, the oldest, John D., passing away in 1899. The others are Florence G. and Henry, Jr. Miss Florence has been in Chicago with the Houghton-Mifflin Publishing Co., and will return tonight. He also leaves one brother, John D., of this city, and a sister, Mrs. E. Thompson of Sarasota, Fla. An adopted son, Russell W. Walker, has been in the west for several years. In politics Mr. Curran had always been a Republican, and for the past ten years had served as postmaster of this city. The only political office he is known to have held is that of alderman of the First ward, in which capacity he served for a few years. He had always taken a deep interest in political matters, local, state and national. He belonged to the different Masonic bodies in this city, including the Blue Lodge, Chapter and Commandery, and also to the Consistory of Milwaukee. He was a keen, shrewd, able man, one who enjoyed the companionship of his friends, and especially that of those younger in years than himself. For these he always had a pleasant greeting and a good word of advice when needed. No one was better acquainted in Portage county, or in fact, the state of Wisconsin, than was Henry Curran, and wherever and by whomsoever he was known, the announcement of his death will come with a feeling of deep and profound sadness.

The time for the funeral cannot yet be stated, as it is expected that Mrs. Thompson will come from Florida. The interment will take place in Forest cemetery under the auspices of the Masonic organizations.

### Branch Store at Nekoosa.

The Stevens Point Shoe store has opened a branch store at Nekoosa and Ben R. Boyer spent Monday and Tuesday at that place getting the stock in readiness. Edwin Bennett, who has assisted at the local store for several weeks, left yesterday for Nekoosa and will take full charge.

## Will We Get the Division?

There is good reason to believe that within the next few days Stevens Point will again become a passenger division of the Wisconsin Central. A committee representing the passenger conductors has been in Milwaukee much of the time for the past two or three weeks, consulting with the officials of the road, and it is understood that the higher officers are willing to make the change providing there is a unanimous desire on the part of the conductors. With not to exceed three exceptions the "ticket punchers" are willing and anxious that a terminal be made here. That the recalcitrants may be made to see the "error of their ways" soon, is devoutly wished for by our citizens. At present conductors on the southern division run from Chicago to Abbotsford, but if the change takes effect their runs would be shortened 54 miles, that being the distance between Abbotsford and Stevens Point. Conductors whose runs are on the western division would take charge of their train at this station, instead of Abbotsford, as at present. Some sixteen or eighteen conductors, besides a large number of brakemen and flagmen, will be effected by the proposed change.

### Medical Men Coming.

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Wisconsin Medical Society will be held at the club rooms of the public library, in this city, at 7 o'clock next Tuesday evening. At this time officers for the ensuing year will be chosen and the question of making this the official society of the ninth councillor district will also come up for final disposition. Pres. John F. Sims of the local Normal will speak on medical inspection of schools. Food, milk and meat inspection in smaller cities is the subject of a paper to be presented by Dr. Carl A. Sander, of Waupaca. Dr. W. W. Gregory of this city will read a paper on "Preventive Medicine." Dr. Sauerharing of Wausau will speak on "Surgical Topics," and Dr. Karl Doege of Marshfield will present a report of a case of transverse rupture of the membranous urethra. A social session and smoker will follow the meeting.

### Carriers to Get More Pay.

It is now known definitely that the rural carriers will receive a substantial raise in salary commencing July 1st next. Wm. Dugan and Clyde Vaughn, whose routes are less than 25 miles in length, will after that date draw the sum of \$72 per month, or \$864 for the year. At the present time Mr. Dugan's yearly salary is \$720 and Mr. Vaughn receives twelve monthly installments which amount to a total of \$702. The four other carriers, W. F. Cartmill, Dan Maddy, Frank Maddy and Wm. Black, will each have their salaries raised a total of \$15 per month. Their pay checks at present call for \$60 per month, but after the first of next July they will receive the sum of \$75. The city carriers will also get a raise in wages, probably amounting to \$50 for the ensuing year and \$100 additional for the year beginning July 1st, 1908.

### J. L. Clark Promoted.

An official notice from the superintendent's office of the Chicago Terminal Transfer R. Co., received this morning by local parties well acquainted with Mr. Clark, reads as follows, and will be learned with pleasure by that gentleman's many friends: "Chicago, April 29th, 1907.—Mr. J. L. Clark is appointed local freight agent at Chicago. Effective May 1st, 1907. J. L. Nichols, superintendent. Approved: John N. Faithorn, receiver." The above means a great deal to Mr. Clark, who during the period of four years that he served the Wisconsin Central as their agent in this city, was most popular. His numerous friends were always confident that success would come to him in whatever direction he would direct his efforts. The Gazette unites with scores of other Stevens Pointers in extending congratulations.

### Mission at St. Stephen's Church.

On Sunday next, May 5th, two Dominican Fathers will open a mission at St. Stephen's church, which will continue for eight days. The object of the mission is to offer extraordinary opportunities for hearing the word of God and for worthily receiving the sacraments.

On Sundays, mass will be offered at 8 and 10 o'clock, and on week days mass will be offered at 5 and 8:30 o'clock. An instruction will be given after the 5 o'clock mass, and a sermon will be preached after the 8:30 mass each morning. The rosary will be prayed, together with an instruction on the same, and followed by a sermon every evening of the mission at 7:30. During the mission, in the true spirit of charity, every facility will be afforded for the information of non-Catholics who may desire to know the true teachings of the Catholic church.

At this time it is requested that Catholics avoid vain amusements and to apply themselves earnestly in prayer and meditation to the great affair of their eternal salvation. God alone knows how near each one may be to eternity. Those who attend the mission are requested to pray for the conversion of sinners. "Blessed are they who hear the word of God and keep it."—St. Luke, xi:28.

### Marriage Licenses.

August Domes, Chicago, to Tillie Bernowski, Carson. Julius Kandan, Stevens Point, to Mary Marewski, Hull. Stella Mayek, Stevens Point, to Michael Jawoski, Chicago. John Kenowski to Frances Lescinski, both of Amherst. John W. Lukasvitz, Bessemer, Mich., to Pearl J. Rajski, Stevens Point.

## SCHOOL BOARD INVESTS

The Old Episcopal Church Property Bought From Jos. E. Leonard—Action Was Not Unanimous.

The public school site of the First ward has been increased by 7,800 square feet of land through the purchase of the Jos. E. Leonard property at the corner of Church and Clark streets, on Monday afternoon, the transfer of title being consummated for the city by a committee of the school board composed of Pres. W. B. Eddy, Clerk F. J. Blood, Treas. E. W. Sellers, G. L. Park and J. T. Clements. The property includes the several buildings which once belonged to the Episcopal church society, and the old church has been rented at times for several years by the school board for kindergarten and other purposes at an annual expense of from \$300 to \$400. The purchase, however, did not receive the unanimous sanction of the school board members. Among the main advantages to be derived by securing this property is the enlarging of the children's playground, the convenience for doubling the size of the present building when necessity arises, or the erection of a central grammar school for the seventh and eighth grades.

The meeting of the board at which action was taken to buy the property, was held last Friday evening. Those present were W. F. Collins, G. L. Park, E. W. Sellers, M. E. Bruce, F. J. Blood, J. T. Clements, N. Urbanowski, W. B. Eddy and J. H. Redfield. The vote was 6 in favor of buying the property for \$3,000 and 2 opposed. Mr. Bruce leaving before the vote was taken. Those opposed to the action were Messrs. Sellers and Redfield.

### Eleven Months at Waupun.

When arraigned in county court, Monday, on his own application, Mike Kosmatka, charged with larceny from the person, plead guilty and was given an eleven months' sentence in the state prison at Waupun, where he was taken by Sheriff Guyant, accompanied by John Finch, Jr., on the early train Tuesday morning.

### Prof. Showers Gives Good Talk.

What many of the ladies declare to be one of the finest addresses they ever listened to, was delivered before last Saturday's meeting of the Woman's Club by Prof. F. E. Showers of the business college. The subject of his talk was "Commercialism of Today." A vocal duet by Mrs. Chas. F. Raymond and Mrs. J. A. Ennor was also a feature of the afternoon, and a piano solo by Miss Lillian Rivers was greatly enjoyed.

At the business session the club voted the sum of \$25 to the committee on civic improvement, most of which will be awarded in prizes next fall for the best kept yards and lawns. The competition for these prizes will be opened soon and it is hoped that many will enter the contest.

### Gave Anniversary Program.

The founding of the order of Odd Fellows in America, 88 years ago, was locally celebrated by Shaurette lodge at their hall, Friday evening, the commemoration being demonstrated with the rendering of an interesting and entertaining program, and at which about 200 people were present. The program included an address of welcome by A. C. Hodge, noble grand of the order, who presided during the evening, a violin solo by Lloyd Brooks, with piano accompaniment by Mrs. James Blake, a talk on "The Subordinate Lodge," by M. E. Bruce, a pleasing vocal solo by Miss Clara Christianson, an address on "The Rebekah Branch" of the order by Mrs. C. L. Rogers, a violin solo by Ernest Weber, and a talk, "The Encampment," by J. R. McDonald. Supper followed the entertaining session and after supper an informal dance.

### Initiation and Banquet.

The local court of Foresters was represented at Grand Rapids, last Monday evening, by fourteen of its members, eleven of whom drove down from this city in J. W. Archibald's big bus, which was hitched behind four lively steppers. The occasion which called the visitors to our neighboring city was the initiation of a class of about 30 candidates into the Forester court at Grand Rapids, which interesting event was followed by a banquet to which nearly 400 were seated. After the candidates had assumed the obligation of the order they were given the 3-degree of exalted membership by a team composed of state officers, including Chief Ranger Kuypers of DePere, Vice Chief Ranger J. W. Dunegan of this city, Sec. Keller of Appleton, Treas. Norton of Watertown and Trustee Kidney of Milwaukee. The banquet was very well arranged, the Grand Rapids ladies having prepared and served a bountiful supply of eatables, and after the "inner man" had been fully satisfied, nearly two hours were devoted to a "feast of reason." John R. Ragan acted as toastmaster and very happily introduced the following speakers, who responded to the subjects indicated:

Our Guests. . . . . Dr. F. Pomainville  
Our Hosts. . . . .

D. I. Sickelsteel, Stevens Point  
The Catholic Order of Foresters

John A. Kuypers, DePere  
Pius X. . . . . Gustave Keller, Appleton

The Occasion. . . . . Judge W. J. Conway  
"Til We Meet Again." Louis A. Bauman

Those present from St. Stephen's court of this city were St. Sickelsteel, Mr. Dunegan, D. J. Leahy, M. J. Mersch, Jas. L. Glennon, R. A. Oberlatz, Frank J. Blood, John W. Glennon, Emil G. Betlach, J. W. Ash, Carl Kuchowski, Ben P. Moran, Louis Schueller and A. J. Kujawa, the latter now located at Rudolph.

## THE DOCTOR AND TEACHER

Interesting Addresses Delivered Last Evening by Dr. Hay and Pres. Sims, at Public Library Rooms.

At a special meeting of the Woman's Club and before an interested audience of over 200 people, Dr. T. H. Hay, of the River Pines Sanatorium, gave an exhaustive treatise on tuberculosis, at the public library, last evening. A great many surprising facts concerning the spread and treatment of the tubercular bacilli were presented. A masterly and pleasing address was also delivered by Pres. J. F. Sims, of the Normal, during which he urged all to participate in the endeavor to have the city beautified in various ways. Prof. F. S. Hyer was to discuss "The Boy Problem," but owing to the late hour at which the other speakers concluded, he gallantly declined to take up any more time. The program included several pleasing piano solos by Mrs. Fred M. Ferrill and two entertaining vocal solos by Mrs. T. H. Hay. Mrs. W. J. Shumway presided.

The more important sentences of Dr. Hay's discussion follow: The spread of tuberculosis is a state and municipal evil. I had been inclined to think in former years that the fighting of the disease by eastern doctors was a little overdone. Statistics show that 10,000 people die annually of tuberculosis in Wisconsin and from 456 to 475 die each year in Milwaukee alone. History of the treatment of the disease shows that thus far all efforts to cure the disease have been futile. Medical science can prevent the spreading of the bacilli to a certain extent. A theory has existed for a long time that tuberculosis was not contagious except that it was transmitted through heredity. Yet to prevent its spread the only safe measure is to prevent the expectoration of matter from the lungs of a consumptive, and unless the scattering of sputum is controlled, all other efforts fail. The tubercular germ cannot retain its vitality in water or sunshine. It flourishes for months or for a year or more in dark and filthy places. Therefore all consumptives must be educated to expectorate into some receptacle which can be cleaned by disinfection. Tuberculosis is transmitted to others by contact with consumptives, through breathing, and coming in contact or using articles used by a consumptive. The consumptive releases from a million to seven million bacilli at each expectoration, all of which may thrive under favorable conditions.

In the attempt to cure a consumptive, he must be made to sleep and live alone. Everything touched by him must be thoroughly disinfected. Legislation in many states is preventing the spread of the disease, notably in Maryland. An early and thorough diagnosis by a competent physician or specialist of a probable tubercular victim, is imperative in all cases. Such a victim should be immediately acquainted with the facts that he is suffering with tuberculosis as soon as it is known to his physicians. The healthy, robust individual with a ravishing appetite, who keeps himself or herself actively engaged during the day, is immune from the disease. A serum for the prevention of the disease by inoculation or vaccination has not as yet been found, though a noted specialist is working upon the theory.

The spread of consumption can be prevented by proper ventilation of rooms and the right way of building homes. Upholstered furniture and carpets should be eliminated from homes, for these are nests for the germs. A damp cloth should be used in gathering dust from the floor and walls. Children should be properly clothed and fed. The skin should be bathed often and well. Public schools and buildings should be well ventilated and frequently inspected. Slates should be abolished in schools. Each pupil should be furnished with his own drinking cup and supplies. Contact with household pets is to be avoided as much as possible. Slaughter houses should be inspected very frequently and conducted according to legal dictates. Butchers, bakers and milk dealers should be guided by laws of health and their workshops and places of business inspected. There should be a campaign of education against the spread of tuberculosis and hospitals for the care of unfortunate consumptives should be established in great numbers.

In the introduction of his address, Pres. Sims showed the phenomenal growth of cities in England shortly after the invention of the loom, the cotton gin and the discovery of steam, after which England, with an area equal to that of Wisconsin, could boast of having the largest cities and the greatest manufacturing establishments of any nation. The slow, persistent and forcible growth of these cities arrests attention and challenges our admiration. In America the change from rural communities to cities is slow but persistent. This is due to the fact that all human beings crave fellowship, higher education and united power. With the ballot, a citizen thinks himself a sovereign and yet Bryce, who has made a careful study of American institutions, states that the American city is a failure, responsible for graft and other evils. The reason for this is because in a city you find all sorts of people. The management of a city should be good housekeeping on a large scale. Here in Stevens Point we have splendid opportunities for growth. Our economic future is assured; centrally located with the fine water power of the Wisconsin, excellent railway communication and the abundant and fertile farm lands surrounding us, with the individual beauty of Stevens Point, we have ideal conditions. Prof. Small asks, "What are we here for?" He answers himself by saying that we all want health, wealth, sociability, justice, righteousness and beauty. Does beauty pay? In commercial circles we

see manufacturers and mercantile men all paying tribute to the sentiment of beauty. We should consider what we can do to progressively improve our city by beautifying it. See that bill boards are eliminated, that all waste paper and waste material is properly taken care of. Demand that the property adjoining the Wisconsin Central depot and the buildings themselves should be made more pleasing to the eye. A park near by would be appreciated by all visitors. In short, let local patriotism blossom into civic beauty and pride.

Prof. Hyer was called upon to discuss "The Boy Problem," but after censuring the two previous speakers in a pleasant manner for taking up so much time, and admitting that his was a great temptation to take up still more time, he stated that it would be well for parents to set a good example by keeping early hours themselves.

A social session then followed, during which the ladies served cake and coffee to their guests. The meeting adjourned at 11:30 o'clock.

### A. J. Smith Dead.

A telegram from Milwaukee, received this morning, announced the fact that A. J. Smith, the well known attorney of Amherst, had died at the Sacred Heart Sanitarium, where he had been receiving treatment for his past several weeks. The body will be brought home at once and interment will follow at Amherst. Further facts and a suitable obituary notice will be printed next week.

### Will Meet in November.

The executive committee of the State Teachers' Association met in Milwaukee last Saturday and decided upon November 7, 8 and 9 as dates for holding the next annual meeting of the association. The change of date from the holidays to earlier in the fall was determined upon by the association last December, and it is expected that an increased attendance will result. As the meetings will be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, it will necessitate the closing of schools for two days. Prof. Hyer, of the local Normal, is a member of the committee and attended last Saturday's gathering.

### Married Fifty-five Years.

There was a merry time at the comfortable farm home of Mr. and Mrs. John Dorscheid, Sr., in the town of Buena Vista, last Saturday, when relatives and friends to the number of about 75 gathered to help this venerable couple celebrate the 55th anniversary of their marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Dorscheid, Mrs. J. C. Young and John A. Young drove down from this city, and among those present from a distance were two daughters of the venerable couple, Mrs. Con. Hanke of Grafton, N. D., and Mrs. Martin Dillman of Marathon City. Refreshments were served throughout the day and a happy time enjoyed until a late hour. Mr. and Mrs. Dorscheid are among the pioneer residents of Buena Vista and are highly respected in the community where they have lived so many years.

### Farewell Surprise Party.

Frank Kinstetter and wife, who had been residents of Stevens Point since last fall, living at 925 Briggs street, returned to Milwaukee yesterday. Mr. Kinstetter came here for the benefit of his health and during his brief stay was employed as coachman by Dr. D. S. Rice. A farewell surprise party was given at the Kinstetter home last Thursday evening, when nearly twenty friends took possession of the household for several hours. A merry time was had. Among those present were Thos. Johnson, wife and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Krause, Eddie Krause, Mrs. Aug. Oesterle, Miss Frances Oesterle, Mrs. Henry Schliesmann and daughter Amelia, Miss Mattie Welch, Mr. and Mrs. John Grubba, Miss Theresa Grubba, Miss Hattie Dudzik, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Pionke, Misses Stella Gelka and Josie Pawelski.

### Probable Change in Time.

The Wisconsin Central officials are working on a new schedule which promises to materially change the time of passenger train No. 1, which now reaches Stevens Point at 9:50 a. m. each day and departs five minutes later. This train now leaves Chicago at 2:45 in the morning, but the new schedule being prepared will change the time of departure to 11 o'clock or thereabouts, and it will therefore arrive here between 6 and 7 a. m. As the Chicago morning papers aren't printed until after midnight, readers along the line of the Central will be compelled to await the papers' arrival on train No. 11, which now reaches here at 12:20 daily. It is rumored that mail cars may be put on trains 11 and 12; we hope the veteran dame has guessed aright in this instance.

### Married This Morning.

The marriage of Jennat Ludwikowski and Miss Marie Kubisiak was solemnized at 8 o'clock this morning at St. Peter's church, Rev. I. Stefanik officiating. The attendants were Miss Frances Ludwikowski, sister of the groom, and Frank Kubisiak, brother of the bride. Little Helen Kubisiak acted as flower girl. A short wedding reception was given for relatives during the day at the home of John Kubisiak, 610 North First street, the bridal couple leaving this afternoon for a short wedding trip to Nenah, Oshkosh and Fond du Lac.

The groom is the oldest son of Jacob Ludwikowski, has always made his home in this city, and is a cigarmaker by trade. Miss Kubisiak is the oldest daughter of John Kubisiak, who is engaged in business on the public square. Both are worthy young people who deserve much happiness.

## BUSINESS BUILDINGS SOLD

The Johnsen Brick Blocks on West Side of Public Square Bought by W. E. Kingsbury, of South Side.

The J. O. Johnsen business blocks on the west side of public square, including the substantial and handsome business block now occupied by Kostka & Winkler and John Maslowski, tailor, and the two brick structures occupied as the Polebitski & Karcmarek and the Summers Bros. saloons, all having a frontage on Main street of 59 feet and about 150 on the public square, were sold Saturday to W. E. Kingsbury. A twelve foot alley running from North Second street is also transferred to Mr. Kingsbury. The respective buildings are all substantially built two story structures, of solid brick, attractive in architecture, and were erected by the late Capt. J. O. Johnsen. Mr. Kingsbury has not yet decided what he will do with the property, and unless he should decide to make a transfer at a good advance over the amount he paid, will probably make certain alterations, especially on the second floor of the main structure. The consideration for the entire property was \$15,200.

### A Paralytic Stroke.

J. C. Campbell, who resides on Strongs avenue, was taken seriously ill a few days ago with what appears to be a partial paralysis of his lower limbs and arms. Tuesday noon he left for the Sacred Heart Sanitarium in Milwaukee to receive treatment and will no doubt be greatly benefited in a short time. Mr. Campbell is a well known hide buyer of this city, Stevens Point having always been his home, and his speedy recovery is hoped for by all who know him.

### From McMillan to Ashland.

Arthur A. Wert and wife came down from McMillan, last Saturday, and visited here until Tuesday with his brothers, M. G. and Chas. E. Wert. For the past eleven years Arthur has filled the position of clerk and bookkeeper for the lumber firm of McMillan Bros., but he resigned his position last week and is now moving to Ashland. He entered the employ of the John Schroeder Lumber Co., whose headquarters are in Milwaukee, but who own a saw mill and yard at Ashland. Mr. Wert will take charge of their office, a responsible position which he is fully capable of filling. Ashland has quite a number of former Stevens Pointers among its residents and Mr. and Mrs. Wert will prove welcome additions.

### Day Set For Cleaning Up.

At a regular meeting of the Progress club, held Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. B. B. Park, two interesting papers were read, Miss Jessie Hawn having discussed the "Juvenile Court" and Mrs. G. E. Culver having dwelt upon "Civil Service Reform." The subject of civic improvement was brought up during the course of the meeting, and on motion of Mrs. Eddy a committee representing the club was ordered to confer with the board of public works and set apart some day as "Cleaning up day." The two committees met on Friday and the day chosen was May 10th, when Arbor Day occurs. Final action on the matter was deferred until the return of Mayor Hanna from the oil fields.

## MISS FARRELL GETS FIRST

Result of Oratorical Contest at Local Normal—Guy Carlton Second and Wm. Dineen is Third in Rank.

The inter-society declamatory contest held in the Normal assembly hall, last Friday evening, was one of the strongest in the history of the school. The audience numbered about two hundred and was very enthusiastic. The selections were not only well delivered, but manifested a careful and judicious choice. Miss Sadie Farrell, of the Arena, carried first honors, while Guy E. Carlton and William Dineen, of the Forum, received second and third honors respectively. The judges were Rev. J. A. Stemen, D. I. Sickelsteel and E. D. Glennon. The musical numbers included several selections by the Normal male quartet, a solo by Miss Sadie Buck and a piano solo by Miss Nellie Hebard, all of which were greatly appreciated, as was shown by the hearty applause given.

The program was opened with a few introductory words by Pres. Sims, after which Miss Frances Baker spoke on "Touissant L'Ouvrature." Her rendition was very strong.

Miss Hazel Marsh of the Ohivesa, showed exceptional ability in giving "How They Saved St. Nicholas."

The third speaker, Carl Strope, of the Athenaeum, then presented "The Insult of Our Flag." His delivery was very creditable.

The rendition of "Whistling in Heaven," by Miss Ethel Whittaker, of the Ohivesa, was excellent.

William Dineen, of the Forum, gave "Motives for Conspiracy." Mr. Dineen's presentation was very powerful and in perfect keeping with his subject.

"Tribble in the Amen Corner," was most dramatically rendered by Miss Sadie Farrell of the Arena. Miss Farrell has a clear voice, perfect articulation and splendid powers of dramatization.

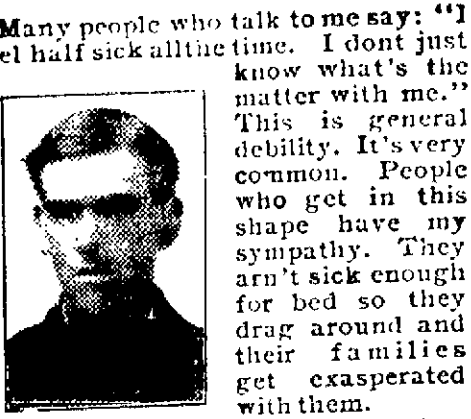
"The Plea for the Old South Church," was then delivered by John Geimer, of the Athenaeum. Mr. Geimer's work was very good and deserves much credit.

The last speaker of the evening was Guy E. Carlton, of the Forum, who rendered "The Traitor's Death." His delivery was excellent and showed most careful preparation.



## SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

### DEBILITY.



E. MCDADE.

Many people who talk to me say: "I feel half sick all the time. I don't just know what's the matter with me." This is general debility. It's very common. People who get in this shape have my sympathy. They aren't sick enough for bed so they drag around and their families get exasperated with them.

There are two causes for this condition: bad habits and a weak stomach. By bad habits I mean eating irregularly and too fast and not chewing the food thoroughly. The stomach gives out and loss of appetite, biliousness, constipation, and general debility result. First get the stomach in shape and then be more careful in the future, and the worn out, despondent, half sick feeling will be a thing of the past.

Two bottles of Cooper's New Discovery will put the stomach in shape. Common sense will do the rest. There are fifty thousand people in this country who know this to be true because they've tried it.

Here's a letter from one of them:

"I was all run down from overwork, lost ambition and energy and could not sleep. It was difficult for me to attend to my work owing to that tired-out feeling. I secured two bottles of the New Discovery medicine and determined to try it. The result delighted me for renewed strength and vigor and energy came with the first few doses. It's effect was different from anything I had ever taken. I finished the two bottles now and feel well and strong again." E. McDade, 839 Dix Ave., Detroit, Mich.

We hear favorable reports of these famous medicines every day. Ask us about them.

H. D. McCULLOCH CO.

## CHEAP POTATO ALCOHOL

Important Experiments Begun by University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture.

The problem of the production of sufficient raw material to make the manufacture of cheap alcohol possible, will be solved by the agricultural department of the University of Wisconsin agricultural college if the experiments in growing potatoes just begun prove successful. The department has received three barrels of new varieties of potatoes from Germany, which are said to yield from 300 to 500 bushels an acre. They are too coarse for culinary purposes, but as they can be made to produce quantities of starch and alcohol, they possess large commercial possibilities. When it is proved that they can be successfully grown in Wisconsin, and that the yield is equal to that accredited to the new varieties, then the great difficulty in the way of the production of cheap alcohol for fuel purposes will be gone. Hitherto the greatest problem in the manufacture of alcohol has been that of obtaining sufficient quantities of raw material at prices low enough to make the manufacture worth while.

As Wisconsin is one of the leading potato producing states of the union, there appears to be no reason why the new varieties should not do as well here and produce as large crops as in Germany, where they are used for alcohol manufacture. Extensive experiments are to be carried on this summer by the horticulture department of the university on the various experimental farms and on the farms of members of the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Association, especially in this region, the center of the potato growing district. As starch factories are already established in several parts of the state, equipped with sufficient steam supply for alcohol distillery purposes, the process of alcohol manufacture would entail but little additional expenditure. As cheap alcohol for fuel purposes would be an inestimable boon both to farmers and to manufacturers, the results of these experiments are being anticipated with great interest.

### Good Shingles.

Just received 150,000 best grade white pine shingles, practically all clear. Order at once before this excellent stock is exhausted. John Week Lumber Co.

### BIDS WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned up to 6 p. m. May 1, 1907, for furnishing 300 school seats and desks, various sizes, more or less, to the board of Education of the city of Stevens Point. Bidders will submit samples of seats to be furnished. F. J. Blood, Clerk.

Oklahoma has painfully built up another constitution and is now standing by to see whether anyone is going to kick the foundation from under it.

### Relief From Rheumatic Pains.

"I suffered with rheumatism for over two years," says Mr. Rolland Curry, a patrolman, of Key West, Fla. "Some times it settled in my knees and I could hardly walk. At other times it would be in my feet and hands and I was incapacitated for duty. One day when I was in severe pain and I was about to give up, I went to the drug store and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I was rubbed with it and found the pain had left me during the night. I kept rubbing it for a little more than two weeks and I found that the rheumatism was away. I have not had any more of that disease for over three months." For sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Great Britain thought that insult to the American flag down in South America was very innocent and funny till it developed that it was the British and not the American flag that was insulted.

### More Locals.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Lewis, of Stockton, were visitors to this city last Friday.

Square dealing is Jos. Glinski's motto. Give him a call before ordering your suit or overcoat.

Chas. Brady was up from Buena Vista, Friday, to renew acquaintances and exchange smiles with his friends.

Mrs. E. D. Glennon and daughter, Miss Margaret, spent Thursday and Friday of the past week in Milwaukee.

Jos. Glinski, the tailor, is now prepared to make you a suit or overcoat. Prices the lowest and a fit is guaranteed.

John Nelson and Anthony Riley, of Lanark, and A. Skaltitzky, of Amherst Junction, were visitors to this city on Friday.

Several young men of St. Peter's congregation are planning to give a minstrel show in the school hall Sunday evening, May 5.

Mrs. S. Hutter and sons have leased the residence at 515 Normal avenue, recently vacated by John Martini, and have taken up their home there.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Anderson and niece, Miss Ella Kline, returned to the city last Thursday evening, after having spent the winter at Biloxi, Miss.

A shoemaker's sewing machine, as good as new, for sale cheap. Write to or enquire of Mrs. Antonia Stachowski, 925 Portage street, Stevens Point.

T. J. McGrath, of Green Bay, has secured the contract for grading the Waupaca and Green Bay railroad from Waupaca to Scandinavia. Work was commenced today.

The Oshkosh Fluff Rug Co. make the best rugs from old carpets, curtains, blankets, wool clothing, etc. W. D. Pitcher will be here May 6th. Leave orders at the Arlington.

Amherst Advocate: Mrs. E. P. Curtis of Stevens Point moved her household goods from that city, Saturday, into the rooms in the Carpenter residence on Wilson street, recently vacated by Ole Bergen.

James and John Anderson left for Waukesha, Thursday morning, the former to receive treatment for nervous debility, with which he has been sorely afflicted for several months, and had failed very rapidly of late.

John McGivern, the popular hotel man of North Fond du Lac, visited with Stevens Point friends Thursday and Friday, and while here ordered improvements to be made on his Park hotel property, at the South Side.

The Parish Guild of the Episcopal church met with Mrs. J. M. Bischoff at her home on Main street, Thursday afternoon, at which time Mrs. R. A. Cook was elected secretary and treasurer, succeeding Mrs. G. B. Clark, resigned.

Edward Geraughty, who had been the guest of his sister, Mrs. Moses Leary, in Stockton, and numerous friends in this locality for a few days, left Friday morning for Madison enroute to his home at Leavenworth, Kansas.

The Progress club of this city will be entertained on Friday evening, May 10, by Mrs. B. B. Park at her home, 904 Clark street, on which occasion Mrs. A. W. Sanborn, of Ashland, an officer of the state league will address the guests on civic improvement.

The trout season opened today and will continue until Aug. 15th. No fisherman can catch more than 10 pounds of trout, nor any less than six inches in length. The fish must not be sold nor shipments made. Fines, in case of prosecution are from \$10 to \$50.

Carl Krembs, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Krembs, who has had charge of the United States Express Co.'s wagon in this city for the past year, has been promoted to billing clerk at Dubuque, Ia., for which place he left Friday night. He is succeeded here by Fred McAuliffe.

Bishop R. H. Weller, of Fond du Lac, has gone to Jacksonville, Fla., where Mrs. Weller and their son, Grafton, have been spending the winter, the latter being quite seriously ill with typhoid fever. The bishop was to have been in this city Friday to appear as a witness in the county court.

Showers & Martin have arranged for a five year lease on the second story of a still unfinished building at Eau Claire which, when completed, will give commodious quarters for over 250 students, with extra space for offices, recitation and ante-rooms. It is being built by the lighting company of that city.

The presbytery of which Stevens Point is a part, the largest in the state, will send four representatives, two ministers and two elders, to the general Presbyterian assembly, which is to be held at Columbus, Ohio, on May 16, they being Rev. Wilson of Wausau, Rev. L. C. Smith of Waukesha, D. K. Johnson of Oxford, and W. J. Shumway of this city.

Since the establishment of the new Elk club rooms over the Kingsbury building, the quarters have been visited by a great number of traveling men and others, and thus far every visitor has stated that the Stevens Point lodge has the best equipped and most convenient club rooms of any lodge in the state, with the exception of those who possess club houses or homes, and still the locals have one great advantage, every room is on the same floor.

F. L. Dille, who had been spending the past six weeks with Mrs. Dille at Portland, Ore., the latter being the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Olin, at that place during the winter, returned to this city Thursday night and was somewhat surprised to see snow here, he having experienced the best of weather while on his western trip. Mr. Dille met a large number of former Stevens Pointers, who are meeting with success at Portland, and at Spokane, Wash., where he also spent a few days with Clarence Karner. Mrs. Dille will not return until about June 1st.

### Was Found Guilty.

The case of the state against Anton Gilka, of the town of Carson, charged with selling liquor to a minor, the alleged offense taking place on the 24th of last December, was tried before Justice Park and a jury consisting of J. S. Pipe, C. H. Packard, Emil Retlach and John Schmitt, last Thursday. Dist. Atty. Nelson appeared for the prosecution and McFarland & Murat for the defense. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty and the court imposed a fine of \$5 and costs, amounting to a total of \$27.61, which was paid.

## IS GRAND AND SUBLINE GOOD, HEALTHY GROWTH.

The Mountain Scenery and Winding Streams of North Carolina, as Viewed by a Stevens Point Young Lady.

Editor The Gazette: Probably some of my Stevens Point friends would like to hear about northwestern Carolina, that name by which it is now so generally known, "The Land of the Sky." Journeying from Salisbury, N. C., toward Asheville, a distance of 141 miles, the transition by rail from plains to peaks is very abrupt, the gain in elevation from 700 to 2,210 feet, one is aware the train is within the Blue Ridge bowl, where it turns and doubles in snake-like movements to avoid the greatest barriers and to overcome elevation. The tracks are elevated upon a viaduct of masonry, entering upon loops where the tracks rise one above the other upon four distinct terraces.

The next interesting spectacle is the Black Mountain, which is over 20 miles long. Its rugged sides are covered by a wilderness of almost impenetrable growth. Above a certain elevation no timber grows, save the hardy balsam fir, from the dark color of whose foliage the mountain takes its name. Mount Mitchell and Black Mountain are the highest mountain peaks east of Colorado. In this "Land of the Sky" are many lovely glens and fertile coves, surrounded by high wooded ridges and dense forests. Here are the quaint hamlets and lonely farms of the mountaineers, so aptly pictured by the pen of Charles Egbert Craddock in the story, "The Prophet of the Great Smoky Mountain." The rails follow the course of the Catawba river and one gets to know it very well by passing in the journey from Salisbury towards the Blue Ridge.

Mountain streams, fascinating because of their speed, are crossed and re-crossed from bank to bank by the Southern railroad. Beautiful in its foliage clothed banks, active in its rush, the French Broad is a river long to be remembered as the beau ideal of mountain streams, and one of the dearest jewels of the land of the sky.

Journeying from Salisbury to Asheville, one passes thru five tunnels. Among the greatest is the Swannanoa tunnel, which pierces the crest of the Blue Ridge mountains and the Southern trains enter from the Atlantic slope and emerge into the Mississippi valley. Within this tunnel is a spring, the waters of which flow east and west, one to the Atlantic ocean, the other to the Mississippi river.

The peculiar climatic features of the Asheville plateau, added to its natural charm, has made of it a much sought health resort, receiving a host of winter visitors from the north, while thousands of summer tourists from the southern states seek the cool bracing air of its mountains. Asheville, in the center of this plateau, has a greater elevation than any city east of Denver, being 2,210 feet above sea level. Its situation is at the junction of the waters of the placidly beautiful Swannanoa with the swift French Broad river, in a fair valley from which the mountains have drawn away and yet appear. Charming natural parks and the richest private estate in America, that of Geo. W. Vanderbilt, surrounds it. Hills, valleys, rivers and forests so diversify this favored locality that the landscape from any point of view presents a scene of unrivaled grandeur, beauty and fertility.

Roads about Asheville continually present kaleidoscope changes, from forest to river and mountain scenery; peak after peak breaks into view, rising to majestic heights and clothed to their very summits with a dark green foliage. The atmosphere conditions give a soft blue haze to the distant mountain tops, which melt and fade away, a condition which is to be recognized in the names of both the Blue Ridge and the Great Smoky mountains. This condition of the atmosphere pleasantly softens the details of the objects near at hand and gives the effect of great distance to the mountain peaks, which are but a few miles away. One gets a good car window view of these great mountains which cannot easily be forgotten.

For the benefit of mankind, and especially for all interested in forestry, Mr. Vanderbilt has in the Biltmore estate numerous nurseries which outnumber any in America. On three days of each week visitors are allowed the privilege of driving at will thru the enormous estate which surrounds Biltmore House.

From Asheville to the Tennessee line the rails of the Southern follow the tortuous windings of the French Broad river, crossing it several times. Below Asheville the river flows thru a deepening gorge, unexpressively grand. For 36 miles the waters well deserve their musical Cherokee name, Tachcoostee (Racing river) and are ever a spectacle of alluring interest. The region is one of great local interest, a new, old country, quaint alike in custom and people, and many a romantic tale has been woven about the inhabitants of the Great Smoky mountains.

This is about all I can at present recall to my mind of the "Land of the Sky." I hope this letter may convey a slight idea of the grandest scenery of North Carolina to my Stevens Point friends, who have not as yet visited that locality. Sincerely yours,

Agnes Krutza.  
Bristol, Tenn., April 21, 1907.

### Improve Your Education.

Young mechanics and shop workers with limited means now have a most remarkable opportunity for both theoretical and practical instruction at small cost. The University of Wisconsin offers instruction by mail in practical courses and then opens its great shops in Madison to artisans during the six weeks beginning June 24th. At that time, the same instructors who give the correspondence courses and not only give their students further instruction by lecture and text book, but will put them at solid work a few hours each day, under supervision, at lathes, planes, millers and grinding machines, shapers—at vise and bench, with hammer, chisel and file. There will also be practical work in the steam and gas laboratory and the electrical department. This combination of opportunity to get the theory of mechanics with the chance to prove the theory and to get manual skill, under the best conditions, will give hundreds of ambitious workers in Wisconsin a splendid opportunity.

Full information will be cheerfully given upon application to the University Extension Department, Madison.

Hundreds of More Men Employed in Stevens Point Now Than in 1900, and "Croakers" Must Stop.

The following paper on "Industrial Prospects" was read by W. H. Coyle at the monthly banquet and business meeting of the Business Men's association Thursday evening. The growth indicated was a surprise to most of those who heard it, as few have taken the trouble to investigate the real situation but have taken idle street talk for truth and many really suppose this city to be in the depths of calamity.

The impression held by a great many of our citizens, is that since the removal of the Wisconsin Central shops, the city has gone backward, industrially. Let us see if this is so:

Statistics from the Department of Commerce and Labor of the United States show the following figures of condition in Stevens Point during the years 1900 and 1905:

	1900	1905	Increase
No. establishments.....	33	37	4
Average No. employees.....	927	654	27
Wages paid.....	\$ 274,910	\$ 270,375	
Value of product.....	1,294,440	1,516,022	
.....			221,582

In addition to the census reports given, we have the following figures as furnished by the managers of the individual industries, of the conditions existing at this time and those of 1900:

	1900	1905	Increase
John Week Lumber Co.....	24	27	3
Clifford Lumber Co.....	45	65	20
Vetter Mfg. Co.....	15	27	12
John Rice Co.....	18	65	47
R. A. Cook Lbr. Co.....	15	28	13
Miss Laidig Factory.....	15	120	105
Wisconsin River Paper Co.....	150	160	10
Plover Paper Co.....	155	200	45
Bukolt Mfg. Co.....	3	16	13
Stevens Point Box Co.....	2	30	28
Racine Underwear Mills.....	36	45	9
Wisconsin Graphite Co.....	34	38	4
Western Wall Paper Co.....	60	60	
Joerg Bros. Mfg. Co.....	45	45	
Coyne Furniture Co.....	100	100	
Wisconsin Central Shops.....	200		
Totals.....	548	1,154	306

In addition to our principal industries there are a number of others that show the same proportion of increase. All of our industries report "business good" and the prospects for the future "bright for further enlargement."

Our future, therefore, industrially, looks very encouraging. We have the valuable water power of the Wisconsin River with its present surplus or unused power amounting to 400 Horse Power and capable of being increased to 1600 h. p. when the new dam is built. The Wisconsin Graphite Co. has at McDill about 650 surplus h. p. These two valuable powers are sure to be made use of in the near future.

We also have the new vacant car shops which we feel cannot much longer remain unused.

The company that has recently been organized for the manufacture of automobile tire protectors has already purchased their machinery and will begin operations soon.

The figures given show conclusively that our city instead of going backward, as some have thought, has, in reality, made splendid strides ahead. We have here a city beautifully located in the center of the best state in the union, with the grand old Wisconsin running through it offering unexcelled water power facilities. We have the best of railroad conditions—the Wisconsin Central connecting us with Chicago, the inland metropolis at one end, and Minneapolis, the gateway of the West, at the other; the Green Bay & western with Lake Michigan ports for east bound freights and with the Milwaukee, Northwestern, Burlington, Omaha, and the Great Western systems as close connections for all points west and south. Our rates on freight to all points west is the same as from Chicago and on east bound freight but slightly above.

With our manufacturing advantages, our water power, and our shipping facilities, it rests with us whether we will make this a large city or not. Nature has done all she can for us. Is it not time we all stopped our knocking, stopped giving the impression to others that Stevens Point is dead? Why not study our city, look at its civic improvements, look at its fine growing industries; its fine schools; its great possibilities—then begin to boost. Talk Stevens Point and its advantages to everyone, everywhere and at any time; be loyal to our city, stand by its industries; spend your money and invest your money here—and, by all pulling and boosting together, taking advantage of the opportunities we have, make Stevens Point the central city commercially, industrially and financially, as well as geographically.

### Wisconsin Central Changes.

O. W. Johnstone, former agent for the Wisconsin Central at Milwaukee, has been made superintendent of the Northern division, succeeding A. J. Van Valkenburg, now superintendent of transportation at Milwaukee. L. J. Seeger, heretofore chief dispatcher at Abbottsford, has been appointed as trainmaster at Milwaukee, and C. E. Urbahn, trainmaster at Abbottsford, succeeds C. M. Winters, as assistant superintendent at Chicago. Mr. Seeger served the Central as train dispatcher in this city several years ago and has numerous friends in Stevens Point.

### Your Cement Work.

Jas. W. Maxon wishes to announce that he is prepared to take contracts for doing cement work of all kinds, including walks, floors, etc., and as his workmanship in the past speaks for itself, patrons may be assured of satisfaction in the future. Address him at 942 Normal avenue, or telephone No. 3042.

It looks now as though Wall street was indulging in an anti-Harriman conspiracy.

### Stallions Must Be Licensed.

In accordance with the provisions of the Wisconsin stallion law, all stallions in the state must be licensed by the department of horse breeding of the college of agriculture at the University of Wisconsin. Those licensed for the breeding season of 1906 are not required to take out new licenses for the season of 1907, nor is a renewal license fee required this year. Stallions not licensed last year must be licensed this season. For this purpose application blanks and full instructions will be sent to owners on request by the department of horse breeding. Where a licensed stallion has changed hands, the original license certificate should be sent at once to the department with a cash fee of fifty cents, that the transfer of ownership may be recorded upon the license in the books of the department. The transfers should be recorded at once, so that names and addresses of the new owners may appear in the next published list of stallion owners. The registration and licensing is in charge of Professor A. S. Alexander of the department of horse breeding of the college of agriculture at Madison.

It's too bad to see people who go from day to day suffering from physical weakness when Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea would make them well. The greatest tonic known. 35 cents, tea or tablets. H. D. McCulloch Co.

### Cabinet Makers Wanted.

We want ten or more cabinet makers at once, to whom firstclass wages will be paid. Address at once or call on Kaudy Manfg. Co., Grand Rapids, Wis.

### FOR SALE.

Bonds of the city of Stevens Point, Wis., to the amount of \$10,000, in denominations of \$500 each, bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum, from August 15th, 1905, at par and accrued interest. The city reserves the right to reject any and all applications. Address H. J. Finch, City Clerk. tf

### Farm and Store For Sale.

A forty acre farm, clear, with buildings, located two miles north of Junction City, and a brick store building, 28x40 feet, at the Junction, for sale cheap. Inquire of or address Frank Pendlewski, Junction City, Wis. 4

E. J. PEIFFNER President  
LOUIS BRILL Vice President  
R. B. JOHNSON, Cashier  
E. A. KREMB, Asst. Cashier

## The Attractive Thing About Money



is, that it, in turn, attracts more money. In other words, "Where the money is, the money goes." Once you put the money in the bank you cannot stop it from growing. Year by year it increases, until your apparently small pile has developed into quite a fortune. If you will favor us with your account, you will notice how rapidly your money will accumulate. Every one of our patrons like our liberal business methods.

## Citizens National Bank

CAPITAL, \$100,000.

The Largest in Portage County.

## FARMERS, ATTENTION!

The undersigned wishes to announce that he is now located near the Public Square, at the corner of Clark and Second Streets, in conducting the business bought from J. P. Leonard. Here you will find

## A Full Line of Groceries, Feed and Provisions.

### OUR SPECIALTIES:

SEEDS, CEMENT, LIME, HAIR and BRICK.

Prompt Attention and Courteous Treatment, Our Motto.

Three languages spoken, English, German and Polish.

JOHN PASCAVIS.

## OUR MEN'S SHOES

Spring Shoes are ripe—splendid crop!

We'd like to place your Feet inside a pair of our handsome Shoes.

They would look well and feel comfortable, and you know that comfort counts for much, as a man practically lives in his Shoes.

We've Shoes for all men for all purposes.

Bring Your Shoe Wants Here, Sir.

Choice leathers, correct styles and skillful Shoe Making combine to make our Men's Shoes "Perfect Shoes."

High and low cut Shoes in Lace and Button styles.

We've all the new ideas in Oxfords, Ties, Outing Shoes, etc.

Comfortable, good-looking Shoes for the Man of affairs, and Smart, Snappy Styles for the Snell Dresser.

Our prices are never too high, but any price we might name would carry no weight unless you see the Shoes at the price.

It's the quality that counts. Your Feet will need only one introduction to our kind of Shoes in order to establish a lasting friendship.

We are sole agents for "Just Wright" Shoes.

## KERN SHOE CO.









# The Gazette.

BY R. D. GLENNON

TERMS, \$1.00 PER ANNUM

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## SOUTH SIDE AND RAILROAD.

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance to Readers of the Gazette.

Mrs. O. Hahn visited among friends at Fond du Lac, for the first time, Sunday.

W. H. Tack, of Fond du Lac, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Tack, on Stevens avenue.

W. H. Puck, a contractor residing on the Sixth ward, who has been quite ill for some time, is again able to be about.

Mrs. Robert Danahy, of Kendall, has been a guest at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jas. Blake, on Church street, during the past several days.

Mrs. W. F. Cartmill, secretary of the Union cemetery association, has also been chosen as treasurer, to succeed Mrs. Lewis Sawyer, resigned.

Thos. J. Coan, who is connected with the culinary department of the Wisconsin Central working train at Butternut, spent Sunday with his family in this city.

Conductor W. J. Walters, of Abbotsford, visited in the city for a few hours Friday, and is among the many who hope to soon again make Stevens Point his permanent home.

Mrs. S. B. Carpenter and son, Byron, who had been spending several days in Madison with their son and brother, Assemblyman Fred J. Carpenter, returned Friday evening.

Miss Agnes Johnson left yesterday for River Valley, North Dakota, to remain for some time, after having visited with her sister, Mrs. R. C. Bloye, for a couple of weeks.

Thomas Feeley, who has been spending the winter at work in Chicago, has returned to his home here and intends to leave shortly for Pike Lake, where he will remain during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brochoski returned Monday to their home at Milwaukee, after spending four weeks in the city as guests of her mother, Mrs. Andrew Rieschl, on McCulloch street.

The Ladies' Aid of the German M. E. church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Karlowe, corner of Michigan avenue and Center street. A 10 cent supper will be served from 4:30 until 8 o'clock.

The local members of the J. O. U. A. M. entertained about 65 people at an informal dance, given in their hall on the South Side, Friday evening. Music was furnished by the John Secosh orchestra.

The Wisconsin Central freight depot at Minneapolis, in which were stored large quantities of oil and freight, together with 18 box cars heavily laden with freight of all kinds, were destroyed by fire, Thursday afternoon, the loss amounting to over \$400,000.

George Stockley is now chief train dispatcher at Abbotsford, succeeding L. J. Seeger, who has been made trainmaster, and the promotion of the former is learned with pleasure by many friends and former neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Stockley in Stevens Point.

Telegraph operators on the Wisconsin Central have been granted an increase in wages. The minimum to be paid is \$50 per month. Overtime will be paid at 25 cents an hour, and night work, 50 cents for the first hour's work. No porter work will be done without extra pay.

Frank Baldwin, express messenger on the Portage branch, has been obliged to remain at home in Portage during the past few days, his work being in charge of Charles Pier. P. J. Schneiss, the local National express agent, has been doing the extra work at the depot.

John Russell, who has been engaged as a linotype operator in the office of the Ridgway Publishing Co. at Ridgway, Penn., during the past year and a half, is spending a two weeks' vacation with his mother and sister on Oak street. John is well pleased with his work in the east and expects to continue to live there.

Wm. Haff and wife, who live on Prairie street, will observe the 25th or silver anniversary of their marriage next Tuesday, May 7th. Mr. and Mrs. Haff are prominent members of the Friedland church and next Tuesday's event will be fittingly commemorated by a number of their friends belonging to the congregation.

Ernest Lampe, who has been located in Milwaukee for the past few years, is expected here next Friday evening to visit a few days with his mother, and assist her in observing her birthday anniversary, which occurs next Saturday. The members of the Evangelical Frau Verein will be entertained by Mrs. Lampe on this occasion.

Miss Nellie Phillips, daughter of C. H. Phillips, of Stevens Point, has been a guest at the North-western Hotel at Searcy, Ark., where she is spending a few days. She is a member of the Y. W. C. A. and is a very popular person.

Wm. J. P. Smith, who has been a guest at the Stevens Point Hotel, has been a guest at the Stevens Point Hotel, and is a very popular person.

Wm. J. P. Smith, who has been a guest at the Stevens Point Hotel, has been a guest at the Stevens Point Hotel, and is a very popular person.

Mrs. M. E. Kenyon visited at Wausau last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Smith have gone to Marquette to make their permanent home.

M. C. Phillips, a prominent Oshkosh attorney, spent Sunday with his brother, C. R. Phillips, in this city.

The sale of the C. B. Baker property, on Strong's avenue, to Mrs. S. Hutter, was finally completed last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wolfenschlager, of Chicago, are spending a few days with his parents, L. P. Wolfenschlager and wife, on Dixon street.

Mrs. George Urban has returned home after having spent the past ten weeks with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Henry Urban, in Milwaukee.

Adolph Cook has gone to Portland, Ore., where he may remain permanently, and if the conditions are found satisfactory, he will later be joined by his family.

Walter Rakons, who had been quite seriously ill at St. Agnes's hospital, in Fond du Lac, for a few weeks, has recovered sufficiently to permit his being taken to his home at North Fond du Lac, where he is improving daily.

Chester M. Burdick, Milwaukee agent for the Osgood Co., of Chicago, designers and engravers, spent Monday in the city on business and visiting at the homes of his uncles, Ed. and Chas. McCredy. Mr. Burdick lived here when a little boy, his parents, W. W. Burdick and wife, moving to the state metropolis about eighteen years ago.

Mrs. K. B. Orrick, an old time resident of this city, passed through here Saturday evening while enroute from Milwaukee to visit at the home of her son, J. J. Orrick, at Abbotsford. Mrs. Orrick had been in a Milwaukee hospital for two or three weeks, where she suffered the removal of her right eye, which became affected some months ago with a disease known as trachoma.

## TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

Articles and Items of News That Appeared in the Columns of The Gazette, Quarter of a Century Ago Today.

Father Jas. O'Malley, of Oshkosh, spoke on the temperance question at St. Stephen's church, last Wednesday evening, to a large congregation.

A large crowd from this city went to Wausau last Wednesday to attend the celebration of the 62nd anniversary of the order of Odd Fellowship in America.

On Wednesday, Apr. 26th, Richard A. Cook of this city and Miss Eliza Trowbridge, of Sheboygan Falls, were married at the latter place by Rev. E. Jones.

A telegram was received on Monday of last week announcing the sudden death at Sioux Falls, Dak., of B. W. Richardson, who at one time was in business in this city with his brother-in-law, L. R. Lamb.

Thursday was one of the most unfavorable days ever witnessed in Stevens Point. Fine clay dust an inch thick on our streets, with a perfect gale of wind blowing from the west and sweeping the streets from end to end.

H. H. Bourn, of Plover, has gone into a new enterprise, that of raising peppermint. He has two acres of it planted on his farm west of Plover. He has been experimenting with it for two years, and if all proves satisfactory this season, he will build a still next year for distilling the mint into oil.

Andrew Fenwick, formerly master mechanic for the Central, but more recently foreman in John Rice & Bro.'s machine shops in this city, has been tendered the master mechanicship of the G. B. & St. P. R. R., which he has accepted and will soon move to Ft. Howard, where their shops are located.

At the regular meeting of the council, held last evening, W. W. Haseltine tendered his resignation as city attorney, stating as his reason for taking the step that he had already been employed to take the opposite side of two or three cases against the city. His resignation was accepted and D. Lloyd Jones elected to fill the vacancy.

For several months past L. N. Anson has been traveling through Minnesota, Dakota and portions of Iowa with a view of finding a suitable location for commencing business, but like many who depart from the pine timbers of central and northern Wisconsin, he returns feeling that there is no place like home and satisfied that our advantages are superior to the majority and surpassed by none.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. McCulloch and Miss Sarah returned to their home in this city last Tuesday after a five months' absence. The latter two spent the winter in Chicago, while Mr. McCulloch has been regaining his health in warmer climes, most of the time being spent in southern California. His health is very much improved. Chas. Haseltine, of Wausau, who had been his companion ever since leaving this city, did not receive the same benefit and so did not return, but went into the mountains of California to spend the summer.

## Going Down Deeper.

The Forty-five Oil and Gas company, on the Osgood lot southwest of Bartlesville, from which the company gets its name, is sinking oil wells deeper. The wells have been producing from an eleven hundred foot sand and recently the production has been decreasing. Well No. 7 has been drilled to the Bartlesville sand at 1,700 feet. It has not had a test and it is not known what it will do. It was making a good deal of water, pumping on the beam, and Colonel Glick, the manager, is putting in a new well. He is working on No. 4 to put it to the Bartlesville sand. Bartlesville, I. T. Examiner.

## White Goes to Wausau.

Joe White, leader of the local Union band for the past three years, has accepted the leadership of the Wausau band, offered him some time ago, and will leave for the rehearsals and concert of that musical organization for four months beginning June 1st. His services will therefore not be available for the next four months and a concert of the local band will be a great loss. White is a very popular person and his departure will be a great loss to the local band. He is a very popular person and his departure will be a great loss to the local band.

## Proposed Butterfield Pardon.

Editor of The Gazette: The enclosed clipping was mailed to me by a friend who resides at Stevens Point, and while as a general rule I pay little attention to what newspapers say about my business, I wish in justice to Mr. Butterfield's friends at Stevens Point to answer the article that appeared in the Stevens Point Journal on the 23rd inst. The application of Mr. Butterfield for a pardon from his imprisonment at Wausau, under the sentence of the court about a year ago, was made in strict compliance with section 4857 of the Revised Statutes of 1898 and amendments thereof. The record was by me personally perfected in every detail, and when it was so done the clerk of the circuit court, whom I know to be an honorable man, advised me that he would send the record and testimony to the Governor either last Saturday or Monday, for which promise I have his letter, and I have no reason to believe that such has not been done. If the record has not been remitted as promised, some agency hostile to this application has been working.

Now as far as this article states that this application will never be heard, or words to that effect, I wish to advise the good people of Stevens Point and Portage county that this application will be heard by the Governor at the proper time. The Governor advised me a few days ago, at a personal interview with him, that during the session of the legislature he had no time to devote to this kind of matter, but that he wanted the record filed with the testimony, so that at his leisure moments he could acquaint himself with the facts, and that as soon as the legislature had adjourned we would receive notice for argument on the application. I have every reason to believe that the Governor will carry out his agreement with me. He is an honorable gentleman, for whom I have the highest regard, and not a man given to any subterfuge. He has shown himself on different occasions as a man of ideal principles and of the utmost integrity.

Now as to the fact contained in said article with reference to procuring from the Hon. Judge Webb a recommendation for this application, the gentleman who wrote this article in the Journal does not know what he is talking about. Had he consulted the statute on the subject, he would have found that a recommendation is unnecessary where the imprisonment is for a crime less than murder.

Now as far as a letter of recommendation of the district attorney is concerned, if the present district attorney assumes to act upon this application, as he claims he will, a letter from the former district attorney is unnecessary. To pacify the inquisitiveness of the Journal I will state that I have a letter from Mr. Dahl upon the subject. However, upon investigation of the statute it will appear that all that is required for the district attorney to do is simply to write a letter stating his views upon the subject of the application, and if the district attorney is heard at all by the Governor, it is simply by courtesy and not as a matter of right.

I have given this matter considerable thought and attention, and I have good reason to believe that the application of Mr. Butterfield will be granted. There are matters which are not proper matters for publication at this time, but matters for argument and presentation to the executive, and it would be a breach of decency and good morals to publish such facts at this time. Suffice it to say, that the application of Mr. Butterfield will be heard as soon as the Governor can give it his attention, and will be disposed of, not before the Journal, but before the proper tribunal.

A. J. Eimermann, Atty. for Butterfield. Milwaukee, April 25th, 1907.

## WANT A BEAUTIFUL CITY.

Several Committees Jointly Consider Various Matters Concerning Local Civic Improvement.

Eleven loyal and really interested Stevens Point women, members of the Progress and Woman's clubs, were in attendance at the meeting called for 7 o'clock Tuesday evening in the library, and at which committees from the clubs mentioned and from the Business Men's Association, the Board of Public Works and the common council of the city were to jointly discuss matters pertaining to the improvement and beautifying of the city. The Business Men were represented by W. B. Buckingham and Prof. Sanford, while no one of the other distinguished bodies made their appearance. Nothing daunted, however, Mesdames W. B. Eddy, R. A. Cook, C. B. Baker, E. W. Sellers, H. Curran, J. W. Glennon, N. A. Week, O. Parmeter, J. N. Davis and Misses Arnott and Archibald, took up the discussion, and not strange to say, much valuable work was accomplished.

W. B. Buckingham was chosen to preside and Prof. Sanford as secretary. Mrs. Eddy made a motion to the effect that different people be chosen from the several bodies to address the children of the schools on civic improvement and secure their co-operation and that some member or members of the Business Men or the council do likewise at the factories of the city. The motion was later amended and finally withdrawn in favor of one providing that one member from each of the original committees be appointed to act upon a committee which is to have entire charge of the matter. Accordingly Mrs. H. Curran was named to represent the Woman's club, Miss Lillian Arnott to represent the Progress club and W. B. Eddy the Business Men's committee.

The proposed back yard contest was next considered. Mrs. Baker suggested that the same plan carried out by the Milwaukee Sentinel be adopted, which is that the person wishing to enter contest should sign the coupon, printed in today's Gazette, calling the judges' attention to the fact. Upon further discussion it was decided to let the Woman's club carry out the entire plan as they deem best. It has been already decided that the contest is to be held until Friday, May 10th, after which the property entered will be examined by the judges of the contest and again after Saturday, when the contest ends. Cash prizes will be offered for the best back yard improvement.

The time for "cleaning up" in the city was also discussed at some length. Mrs. Cook stated that members of the council and the Board of Public Works

had expressed themselves as being in sympathy with the movement and that teams and men would be furnished by the city. Mrs. Week suggested that owing to the importance of the day in other respects, the day for cleaning up be held at some other time. In this connection, Mrs. Baker and Mrs. Cook were chosen to interview Mayor Hanna regarding the matter and have him proclaim such a day.

Mesdames Week and Curran protested against the indiscriminate scattering of waste paper by school children and from hall boards. Mr. Buckingham stated that bill boards were satisfactory and in some cases a benefit, but that a commissioner or some city officer make it his duty to see that they were properly cared for. He dwelt for some time on the planting of shade trees and stated that he would be pleased to see an ordinance drafted and enforced making it obligatory to plant shade trees. Mrs. Eddy stated that there is such an ordinance. The matter was left to be dealt with by the Business Men. Mrs. Curran urged the further agitation of the public park question. Miss Arnott protested against the telephone post office. Prof. Sanford suggested that greater care be given to parkings along the streets.

## Farm for Rent.

My farm near the village of Dancy, Marathon county, for rent. This is a firstclass opportunity for anyone interested in the dairy business. Apply at once. For particulars write to G. G. Knoller, Dancy, Wis.

## Dr. E. R. PERKINS



Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

The greatest invention of the age for suffering humanity. No danger from colds, no soreness of gums, no physical debility thereafter. Fifteen years an experienced specialist.

Jacobs House, Stevens Point, Tuesday, May 14.

Will be at Grand Rapids, May 15.

# MOVE 'EM QUICK SALE

## MEN'S CLOTHING

We have selected from our stock of CLOTHING 200 Men's Suits which we have priced at such ridiculously low prices that they will MOVE QUICK. You don't get an opportunity every day to buy Honest, Well-Made Suits at such extremely low prices. Don't wait, or you will miss some of these plums:

\$15.00 Men's Suits at	-	-	\$10.00
12.00 Men's Suits at	-	-	8.00
10.00 Men's Suits at	-	-	7.00
8.50 Men's Suits at	-	-	6.00
7.50 Men's Suits at	-	-	5.00
4.00 Men's Suits at	-	-	3.00

## MEN'S SOFT HATS

A lot of Men's Light Colored Soft Hats, former price, \$2.00. To make them "Move Quick," we now sell them at 50 cents

## MEN'S SHIRTS

10 dozen Men's Laundered Colored Shirts, no collars. We had them priced at \$1.00. We want to close them out quick. That is the reason for the price: 39 cents

## WOMEN'S SHOES

300 pair of Women's Shoes at about one-half of the former price. They consist of the odds and ends of lines which we will not continue to carry in stock. They are all solid leather and Great Big Bargains. You can get \$2.00 in value for \$1.00 out of any pair of these Shoes. They were priced at \$3.00, \$2.50 and \$2.00. Your choice, per pair, for \$1.50

## MISSSES' SHOES

50 pair of Misses' Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, that we close out, per pair, at 50, 75, \$1.00, 1.25

## CHILDREN'S SHOES

30 pair of Children's Shoes, sizes 5 to 11. They are bargains, per pair, at 75 and \$1.00

## Infants' Shoes

We have a lot of Infants' Shoes, sizes 5 to 8, that we are selling very cheap in order to close them out.

# IRVING S. HULL.

# The C. O. D. STORE

## The C. O. D. Store

Guarantees Every Article Which Is Sold

If every article is not exactly as we represent it to you, return it and we will gladly refund your money.

WE Have the largest, cleanest and most seasonable High Grade stock of up-to-date merchandise in Central Wisconsin. Every department is filled with the Newest Goods on the market and at prices which are within reach of all. Everybody knows our reputation for good goods at honest prices. We do not believe in *misrepresenting* values to the public, but ask you to come in and be convinced as to the quality and workmanship of our goods.

If, on the other hand, you wish shopworn, unseasonable goods, such as peddlers and wandering travelers will try and induce you to buy at "*wonderfully low prices*," we can give you such articles at prices which are below the lowest. Bring in the "sharkers" prices and compare.

# The C. O. D. STORE



## OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

Mrs. J. B. Sullivan was the guest of friends at Fond du Lac last Saturday. Cottage residence on Strong's avenue for rent. Call at 312 Strong's avenue. Martin Schuelke, of the town of Eau Claire, was a business visitor to this city, Tuesday.

Frank Skeel, the well known Plain field miller, was a visitor to this city, last Saturday evening.

Jedd Chenevert left Tuesday morning for a short business trip to Butterworth and other places up north.

Cottage residence at 107 Brawley street for rent. Enquire at the W. P. Gray store on S. Third street.

Miss Marie Taylor, who had been spending a few months with relatives in the south, has returned to her home at Whiting.

B. B. Park left for Wautoma, Monday morning, where he is attending the April term of circuit court for Wausau county.

Miss Mollie Swanson, of Junction City, has been a guest at the home of F. B. Roe, on Strong's avenue, during the past week.

Widower with two children, residing in small village, wants a middle aged housekeeper. Address Box 264, Stevens Point, Wis.

Frank Spalenka, Frank Klein and John Fisher left yesterday for Sherry, where they will be at work for some time, erecting buildings.

Concert size cylinder records, six inches in length, containing the latest songs and most popular music, just received by Reton Bros. & Co.

Strayed, one Jersey cow, about ten years old, weight 1,000 pounds, and has one crooked horn. Reward by returning her to J. D. Curran, city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Jones and daughter, Miss Carrie of Hancock, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Sustins, on Portage street, Sunday.

Hjalmer Loberg returned to this city, Monday, after having visited for several weeks at his home near Manawa. He has returned to Minneapolis.

The annual meeting of the Old Settlers' Club of Portage county will be held this year on Friday, June 20th, particulars of which will be given later.

Mrs. W. E. Simons returned to the Soldiers' Home at Waupaca, Thursday morning, after a visit of a couple of weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Warner, at McDill.

Mrs. A. J. Chesick accompanied her husband to Milwaukee, Sunday afternoon, she expecting to spend some time there, and may submit to an operation before her return.

Modern fifteen room house, with barn and other buildings, well located in this city, for sale or exchange for farm. Enquire of Mrs. H. H. Rose, 533 Dixon street.

Miss Bessie Lahn left on the early morning train for Tampico, Mexico, in which part of the country she expects to remain indefinitely. Miss Lahn is a daughter of Dr. C. F. Lahn.

Ben Wyatt, who had been attending the Chicago Art Institute, completed his year's work last week and returned Sunday to this city to spend the spring and summer vacation at home.

Rev. E. M. Thompson returned to Wausau, Tuesday evening, after having spent the day here as a guest of Rev. M. N. Ray. The Wausau minister has been mentioned as a possible successor to Rev. Ray.

While in the city Tuesday, Mrs. L. B. Cate of Milwaukee sold her property at 1123 Clark street, including two lots and a residence, to T. L. McGlachlin, who will take possession after making repairs and improvements.

Men wanted—Cabinet workers and machine hands, also common factory hands. Steady work all year round, and at good wages. Address, The Hamilton Mfg. Co., Two Rivers, Wis., or call at their office at Two Rivers.

Aug. Johnson, who now resides at Carlton, some twenty miles from Duluth, left for home, yesterday morning, after an extended visit among friends and former neighbors in the town of Eau Claire, where he resided previous to a few years ago.

To the generosity and good taste of the Ladies' Altar Society of St. Stephen's church, is due the fact that the walls within the sanctuary have been repapered in a pleasing and artistic manner, the work being done by Peter Adams.

Wm. T. Whiting returned from Oshkosh, Monday noon, where he spent the previous week in nursing his little girl, who had a tussel with the measles.

Mrs. Whiting has fully recovered from the burns received to her face as she opened the furnace door at their home a couple of weeks ago.

Clifford Conroy, who has held the position of night clerk at the Jacobs House during the past couple of years, left for his home at Marshfield, Sunday, and intends to journey toward the west with a view of finding a permanent location. He is succeeded at the Jacobs House by Jos. Peck.

Mrs. Sarah Perkins, who has been making her home with her daughter, Mrs. M. A. Hadcock, for some time, was tendered a delightful surprise in honor of her seventy-second birthday, at her daughter's home, Saturday afternoon, by about thirty of her lady friends. The event was one of much enjoyment and pleasure.

Alex. Bergholte, Jr., who has held the position of salesman in the clothing and furnishing department of the Robtman store for the past six years, has resigned and left Tuesday for Minneapolis, where he has a fine position in view.

Louis Bergholte went with him, and another brother, William, has been in Minneapolis for the past couple of weeks.

At an entertainment given for the Pastime Whist club at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Park, they being assisted by Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Collins, the ladies of the club proved to be better players than the men, the season's scores giving the ladies 17 more points, the finals being 2,777 to 2,760.

Among the guests from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Perkins of Waukesha and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Angelo of Plainfield. This was the last meeting for the season.

See the Person Studio for the best and most up-to-date work in photography. 215 Strong's avenue.

A. A. Hetzel spent a day or two at Waupaca, this week.

Wanted, girl for general housework at 403 Jefferson street. Mrs. J. W. Brown.

J. W. Clifford spent Monday and Tuesday at Fond du Lac looking after business matters.

Miss Janet Fox, of Milwaukee, is spending a few days here as a guest of Miss Genevieve McDill.

Rev. S. Kubiszewski, of Fancher, left yesterday for Chicago to remain until the end of the week.

Checks in payment of a one per cent. monthly dividend were issued by the Stevens Point Oil company last week.

Kuchnowski & Shippy, the grocers near the southwest corner of public square, have just installed a National cash register of the latest make.

Dan and Mike Hopkins and John Loftis, of Lanark, were among the many from out of town who transacted business in the city, last Saturday.

Alfred M. Halverson returned Monday to Waupun, where he holds a position in a bank there, after having spent Saturday and Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. John F. Ryan and children, of the Waupaca Veterans' Home, are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Quinn, on the North Side.

John Leary, of Arnott, was a visitor to the city today, the first time since last December, he having been sick most all winter, but is now feeling very well.

During the week which ended last Saturday night, public library patrons drew a total of 1,603 books, of which 963 were works of fiction and 641 juvenile volumes.

Miss Hattie Langenberg returned home Tuesday evening after having spent the past three weeks with friends and relatives at Madison, Milwaukee and Columbus, Wis.

Albert W. Carle, the Ideal theatre proprietor, has rented the Andreae residence, opposite the Jacobs House, on Clark street, and has already taken possession with his family.

Excavations for the new brick warehouse of E. M. Copps & Co. have commenced. The site for the proposed structure was enlarged by the removal of an old building and tearing down of another.

J. H. Keating, the Duluth lumberman, and who is known as one of the best story tellers and all-around practical jokers in Minnesota, spent a day or two in this city and vicinity the last of the week.

W. G. Atwell, who with his father, the late W. F. Atwell, was interested in a drug store at Watertown, has disposed of the business and is here for an extended visit with his mother, before seeking a new location.

Mrs. Geo. Chilla pleaded guilty before Justice Carpenter, last Saturday, to using abusive language. She was then discharged upon paying the costs, which amounted to \$2.95. Mrs. Matt Wysocki was complaining witness.

Wm. Cauley, Jr., of Custer, and sister, Miss Elizabeth, spent the latter part of the week at Amherst, guests of their cousins, Misses Margaret Griffith and Jennie Padden, and also at the home of their aunt, Mrs. Thos. Padden of Amherst.

Carl T. Gunderson, one of the local letter carriers, and George Fancher, returned home yesterday from a week's trip through Ohio. They visited Zanesville, Columbus, Urbana and several other prosperous cities, seeing many sights of interest.

Among the Stevens Pointers who went down to Amherst last Saturday morning to attend the street fair and auction sale of live stock were V. P. Atwell, Lon Myers, W. F. Owen, W. A. Gething, F. A. Ball, Henry Haertel and S. H. Sherman.

J. T. Edwin, a merchant at Hancock, spent Sunday in the city. Mr. Edwin's home is in Chicago, 369 W. Van Buren street, where he is also extensively engaged in business, and he is anxious to dispose of his interests in our neighboring village of Hancock.

Fred Beell, of Marshfield, did not succeed in taking the wrestling championship at Chicago, Friday night, from Frank Gotch, the national champion, the latter retaining the title by throwing his opponent twice, but did so after many difficulties.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Perkins, of Waukesha, arrived in the city last Friday to visit his mother and sister, Mrs. Sarah Perkins and Mrs. M. A. Hadcock, on Ellis street, for a few days. They were accompanied here by Mrs. Perkins' mother, Mrs. Glidden.

Mrs. Frances Williams, of the Waupaca Veterans' Home, has taken a leave of absence for about three months, during which she is to visit with her daughter, Mrs. Chris Larson, and sons, Wm. Williams, of this city, and Alvin and Louis Williams, of Lincoln.

Arthur Rowe, whose hand was nearly shot off by the accidental discharge of a shotgun near Rhineland, some four months ago, is still troubled with the wounds. On Tuesday afternoon Dr. D. S. Rice removed 16 fine shot from the hand and there are several more which cannot be taken out until later.

Mrs. C. E. Edwards returned from Mohegan, N. Y., last night, where she and Mr. Edwards were called six weeks ago by the serious illness of their son, Morton. Mr. Edwards returned two or three weeks later, and now Morton is nearly as well as ever, being able to resume a part of his studies in the military school.

Aug. Piekarski, a saloonkeeper at Junction City, was arrested last Monday by Sheriff Gayant on complaint of Aug. Klewolson, who accuses Piekarski of selling liquor to his minor son, Frank. The trial was adjourned until tomorrow, when Justice Carpenter will hear the case. Piekarski denies being guilty of the offense charged.

R. B. Woodworth, who is to represent the local school in a district declaration contest at Wausau, Friday evening, will be accompanied by Supr. Davis. Owing to a recent arrangement, only one scholar for each of the seven schools in the district will be permitted to participate, thus leaving Alfred Baker, Mr. Woodworth's alternate, out of the contest.

Mrs. M. J. Dickson left here last Monday morning for her new home at Anacortes, Wash., where Mr. Dickson has been located for several weeks. He is employed by a fishing company there and expects to remain with them during the season, which will last about six months longer. The climate of that section seems to agree with him physically, and it is expected that he and his wife will become permanent residents of Washington. The best wishes of many Stevens Point friends follow them to their new home.

I desire to be entered in the Stevens Point Woman's Club Civic Improvement contest, which is to begin Monday, May 13, and close Sept. 30, 1907. I agree to submit my back yard to the inspection of the judges at the beginning and the end of the contest, and will do all in my power to improve its condition and appearance during this spring and the coming summer.

Signed.....

Address.....

This coupon may be filled out and left with Miss Mollie Catlin, public librarian at the library building, on or before May 10. The judges will make an inspection of back yards on Saturday, May 11, so that improvement work may begin the following Monday, the 13th.

Mrs. Jos. Sims, of Edgar, is visiting at the home of her brother-in-law, Pres. John F. Sims, in this city.

Deposits made in the savings department of the Citizens Nat'l bank during the first ten days of each month, draw interest from the first day of the month.

Rev. L. Stefaniak announces that the young people of St. Peter's congregation will give an entertainment at the school hall, Sunday evening. Among the features are a minstrel show, English comedies and a Polish play.

Mrs. William Cauley, of Custer, and Mrs. Mike O'Keefe, of Arnott, spent Saturday and Sunday as guests at the home of Thos. Padden, near Amherst, and while there attended the mission held at St. Patrick's church, Lanark.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hawn, of Tyler, Tex., and Russell Hawn and Jamie Congdon, of Fordwick, Va., arrived here the first of the week for a visit at the home of their respective parents.

F. J. Hawn is superintendent of transportation on the Cotton Belt railroad, and Russell is superintendent of the Virginia Portland Cement works at Fordwick. Jamie will not return to the south.

## Taken Up a Homestead.

Leo Muchlinski, driver of the C. Krembs & Bro. delivery wagon for several years, has taken up a 160 acre homestead on the Rosebud reservation in North Dakota, and after having visited for a few days at Ashland, he left the first of the week for the west.

Should he be pleased with the Dakota country, he will make his permanent home there and return for his family. Ernest Maddy has taken Mr. Muchlinski's place as delivery man.

## Special Sale of Furniture.

Commencing this week, the Boston Furniture & Undertaking Co. will place on sale several choice pieces of furniture selected from their regular stock and displayed in their show window. The prices marked in plain figures will always be at or below actual cost and are good for the week only.

A complete change will be displayed each week and at the prices quoted, the terms are strictly cash. By keeping an eye on this display you may see just the piece you want at a ridiculously low price.

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## NEARLY SIXTY YEARS HERE

Mrs. Margaret Fulton, Widow of Late Benj. Fulton. Passes Away—Came Here When a Little Girl.

After a long illness with grippe, heart trouble and general debility, Mrs. Margaret B. Fulton, who had lived in Stevens Point for 58 years, passed away at her home, 647 Water street, at 10:40 o'clock Tuesday evening. Prior to four months ago Mrs. Fulton enjoyed good health and was remarkably well preserved for a woman of her years. At times she suffered with weak heart action, the result of an apoplectic stroke four years ago. Her condition grew steadily worse since last January and another paralytic stroke at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning hastened death, which occurred at the time stated and which was directly due to heart trouble.

Mrs. Fulton was nearly 70 years of age. Before her marriage she was Miss Margaret Griffiths. She was born at Canavan, Wales, June 28, 1837, at which place she remained until a child of ten, coming in 1847 with her parents to America. The family came direct to Wisconsin and settled at Cambria. When 12 years of age she came to Stevens Point and thereafter until her marriage to Benjamin C. Fulton in 1857, also a pioneer here, she made her home with Judge Enoch Bean. For some time she attended the old seminary that once stood where Rev. Patch's property is now located. After becoming Mrs. Fulton she continued to make her home in Stevens Point and Mr. Fulton passed away here in November of 1900.

Mrs. Fulton was the mother of six children, five sons and a daughter, they being Thomas, David, Benjamin, Ino and Charles, all of this city, and Miss Catherine Fulton, who has been teaching at Milwaukee during the past year.

Mrs. Fulton is also survived by two brothers and a sister, David Griffiths of Cambria, William of Oregon City, Ore., and Mrs. Elizabeth Williams of Powell, S. D.

The funeral will probably be held Friday afternoon from the family home on Water street at 2 o'clock. Rev. James Blake officiating. Interment is to take place in Union cemetery. David Griffiths of Cambria and a few other relatives are expected to attend

Mrs. Jos. Sims, of Edgar, is visiting at the home of her brother-in-law, Pres. John F. Sims, in this city.

Deposits made in the savings department of the Citizens Nat'l bank during the first ten days of each month, draw interest from the first day of the month.

Rev. L. Stefaniak announces that the young people of St. Peter's congregation will give an entertainment at the school hall, Sunday evening. Among the features are a minstrel show, English comedies and a Polish play.

Mrs. William Cauley, of Custer, and Mrs. Mike O'Keefe, of Arnott, spent Saturday and Sunday as guests at the home of Thos. Padden, near Amherst, and while there attended the mission held at St. Patrick's church, Lanark.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hawn, of Tyler, Tex., and Russell Hawn and Jamie Congdon, of Fordwick, Va., arrived here the first of the week for a visit at the home of their respective parents.

F. J. Hawn is superintendent of transportation on the Cotton Belt railroad, and Russell is superintendent of the Virginia Portland Cement works at Fordwick. Jamie will not return to the south.

Leo Muchlinski, driver of the C. Krembs & Bro. delivery wagon for several years, has taken up a 160 acre homestead on the Rosebud reservation in North Dakota, and after having visited for a few days at Ashland, he left the first of the week for the west.

Should he be pleased with the Dakota country, he will make his permanent home there and return for his family. Ernest Maddy has taken Mr. Muchlinski's place as delivery man.

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R. B. Woodworth, who is to represent the local school in a district declaration contest at Wausau, Friday evening, will be accompanied by Supr. Davis. Owing to a recent arrangement, only one scholar for each of the seven schools in the district will be permitted to participate, thus leaving Alfred Baker, Mr. Woodworth's alternate, out of the contest.

Mrs. M. J. Dickson left here last Monday morning for her new home at Anacortes, Wash., where Mr. Dickson has been located for several weeks. He is employed by a fishing company there and expects to remain with them during the season, which will last about six months longer. The climate of that section seems to agree with him physically, and it is expected that he and his wife will become permanent residents of Washington. The best wishes of many Stevens Point friends follow them to their new home.

I desire to be entered in the Stevens Point Woman's Club Civic Improvement contest, which is to begin Monday, May 13, and close Sept. 30, 1907. I agree to submit my back yard to the inspection of the judges at the beginning and the end of the contest, and will do all in my power to improve its condition and appearance during this spring and the coming summer.

Signed.....

Address.....

This coupon may be filled out and left with Miss Mollie Catlin, public librarian at the library building, on or before May 10. The judges will make an inspection of





Your serious consideration of a fine 80 acre improved farm, in good neighborhood, 5 miles from this city. Buildings, new, horses and stock, new machinery and equipment; everything needed on farm, including seed. Crops partly in.

Most sell at once. Call promptly.

**SOUTHWICK-SELLERS LAND CO.**  
847 Division St. E. W. Sellers, Mgr.

## LEGAL BLANKS

The following legal blanks are for sale at THE GAZETTE office in quantities to suit:

FARM OPTIONS.  
LAND CONTRACTS  
SATISFACTION OF MORTGAGE  
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE, (Long and Short Form)  
CHATTLE NOTES (2 forms)  
APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED.  
CHATTLE MORTGAGE  
JUSTICE'S SUMMONS.  
GARNISHEE SUMMONS.  
WARRANTY DEED.  
CIRCUIT COURT SUMMONS.  
WARRANT OF SEIZURE.

For prices, etc., call on or address

**THE GAZETTE,**  
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

# THE GAZETTE

and The

## Milwaukee Weekly Wisconsin

WE Have perfected clubbing arrangements whereby we can now offer both this paper and the Weekly Wisconsin for the low price of **\$2.00** a year, strictly in advance.

THE WEEKLY WISCONSIN is a family newspaper, unexcelled in reputation. Particular attention is devoted to the local news of the north-west. Its woman's page of matter every week is worth the cost of the paper.

Everybody knows that THE GAZETTE is first-class in every way.

The news of Stevens Point, Portage county and world at large can be found in its columns every week.

## TWO DOLLARS FOR BOTH PAPERS.

Old subscribers can pay their arrearages, if any, and \$2.00 in advance, and take advantage of this offer, as well as all who are not already on THE GAZETTE'S list.

### A GREAT OFFER!

A MAP OF THE WORLD, of the United States and of the State of Wisconsin

**FREE! FREE! FREE!**

with every subscription to THE GAZETTE, paid in advance for one year. THE GAZETTE is \$2.00 per annum

We still have a few left. Get one before all are gone.

**THE GAZETTE, STEVENS POINT, WIS.**

Good words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is two years old, has been taking this remedy whenever she had a cold since she was two months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

The mental condition of Mrs. Eddy is to be examined. If the alchemists get into the game, both parties to the suit are likely to find her fortune seriously depleted before they handle any of it.

### ALPHA—STOMACH—CAPSULES

**How Is Your Stomach?**  
If you take good care of your stomach, your stomach will take good care of you.

**ALPHA—STOMACH—CAPSULES** are the one safe, certain and reliable stomach medicine. Alpha—Stomach—Capsules **QUICKLY RELIEVE AND PERMANENTLY CURE** Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Colic, Flatulence, Gastritis, Heartburn, Headache and all similar ailments.

There are many stomach remedies on the market, and some people have been found who for some of them claim that they have done some good some time. Of the Alpha—Stomach—Capsules everyone who uses them is happy and sings their praise with enthusiasm, because they strike at the root and cause of the diseases. They are compounded with scrupulous care and skill in our own laboratory, under our personal supervision, of very rare ingredients, the curative power of which is simply marvelous. This discovery is proving the greatest blessing to all suffering from stomach trouble of some sort—and who does not? Alpha—Stomach—Capsules contain no narcotics, no opiates, are small, easy to take, tasteless. They make the stomach healthy and keep it healthy.

Write for our new booklet entitled **"HEALTH HINTS"** a free treatise on home treatment of stomach disorders of every description. It's free. If you enclose a 2-cent stamp for postage we will also send you free a sample box of our wonderful Alpha—Stomach—Capsules. Write. Do it now.

**THE ALPHA STOMACH REMEDY CO.**  
Suite 206 161 W. Madison St., CHICAGO

## HINTS FOR FARMERS

### The Cabbage Maggot.

Professor Washburn, entomologist of the Minnesota Experiment Station, urges the need of thoroughly plowing land which has been in cabbage or cauliflower. There is no more serious menace to next season's crop than the stalks which are allowed to stand over winter and almost up to the time of setting the new crop, for close to these stalks and in them there are many brown puparia, from which will emerge the cabbage maggot flies this spring. These grubs should be exposed by plowing, so that various enemies and varying conditions of the weather may reach and destroy them.

### Beautify the Farm Lawn.

One of the greatest mistakes a farmer can make is to become so engrossed in making money that he has no time to beautify his home. One of the cheapest and most effective ways of doing this is with nature's own materials. Here is a plan for a unique and pretty flower bed, which will be an ornament to any lawn. Make a pile of stones—preferably bowlders or "nigger bonds"—of any convenient size and fill the spaces with rich dirt. Plant all these little holes to ferns and flowers, and in a few weeks you will find that you have added a very beautifying feature to your yard.

### Alfalfa as Pasture.

The following are the conclusions from the Missouri experiment station: As a pasture alfalfa has many disadvantages. The crop makes a most excellent pasture for all classes of animals, but great precaution must be taken in pasturing it. The difficulties arise from the injury to the plants which close cropping may cause and to the fact that in cattle and sheep it is liable to cause bloat. According to reports received from farmers over the state, those who have attempted to make a continuous pasture of it have failed.

### Profit in Hogs.

Most of the profit in hogs, excepting from breeding sows, is made by fattening them when they are six or seven months old. If kept growing without check until this time they ought to weigh 225 pounds or more. It pays better than to feed an extra year, even though the weight is doubled in that time. The pork pig sells quickest and highest. Breeding sows may be kept so long as they produce two good litters a year, one dropped early in the spring and the second in August or September.

### Sheep Notes.

Sheep have come to be about the best property in the live stock line. Lamb or mutton is one of the most wholesome of meats and is most economical for the farmer's use. If the teeth are bad feed finely ground meal and the best clover aftermath or early cut clover.

A moderate ration of beets, four to five pounds per head, daily is conducive to the healthfulness of the flock and improves the quality of the mutton.

### Measuring Cattle to Get Weight.

The following rule has been found of considerable value in determining the weight of cattle when actual weighing is inconvenient, but in all the rules given the weight will vary widely with animals of the same girth. Cattle girthing five feet ordinarily weigh from 650 to 750 pounds, according to form and fatness. For each additional inch in girth add twenty-five pounds up to six feet and for each inch after six feet add fifty pounds.

### White Lead to Kill Rats.

An Illinois farmer says: "I have tried a great many methods for destroying rats and mice, but one of the most satisfactory is this: Take one pound of white lead and mix with it enough freshly ground cornmeal to make a stiff dough. Now melt a piece of pure cheese the size of a hen's egg and work into the mass. Place small quantities where rats and mice are wont to frequent."

### Separator Advantages.

Hand skimming cannot separate the butter fat from the milk as thoroughly as a separator. The loss would soon pay for a separator. Another advantage is that the calves and pigs may be fed with the milk while it is still warm with animal heat, which is much better than to have it warmed by a fire.

### Wheat For Hens.

Wheat fed whole to laying hens and wheat screenings or cracked wheat to young chickens will nearly always give good results. The tendency of wheat is to produce a healthy growth, feed the muscular tissues and aid materially in causing the hen to lay many rich eggs.

### Flies of the Hog House.

About a year ago a swine breeder says: "I see a good deal of talk about cement floors for hog houses. I have never seen one that was a success. The best floor, in my opinion, is dirt, with a good wooden wire netting stretched over it to keep the hogs from rooting it up."

### Coughing Horses.

A very good cure for a cough is all of the best Farm Progress. Given to a special each morning when you first find your horse coughing, and it will usually cure the cough and prevent its return. It is cheap, simple and of definite.

### The Age of Breeding Ewes.

The most prolific flock is one where no ewes are kept that are over eight years—unless there may be some wonderfully prolific ewes and some that are extra good.

## BEWARE OF THIS TRUST.

### How to Cope With the Mail Order Combine That Kills Competition.

"I'm against the trusts, first, last and all the time," remarked a leading citizen at the postoffice the other day.

"Pardon me, my dear sir, but I don't quite believe you are," quietly volunteered a stranger.

"What do you know about it?" asked the citizen, a little offended.

"Just this," replied the stranger. "I saw you a moment ago, while both of us were using the desk shelf along the wall, address a letter to a big mail order house in Chicago which I happen to know about. I couldn't help but see the address as the letter lay there before me. Now, begging your pardon for the question, didn't you order some goods from that house?"

"I did. And what of it?"

"Then, my dear sir, you are giving aid and assistance to the one trust which is harming you and your community more than all the rest of the trusts put together. I refer to the mail order trust. Are you not aware of the fact that the mail order houses, being big and rich and powerful, are killing off competition everywhere in the country districts? The Standard Oil company does not affect your community to any very great extent perhaps, but this mail order trust comes directly into your midst, manages to undersell your local merchants in some things, though the trust makes it up off you in other things, and you and your neighbors mail your money to this competition killing trust and thereby slowly but surely strangle the life out of your own home enterprises. Did that ever occur to you?"

"Well, I can't say that it ever did, not just in that light," replied the citizen.

"No, but think it over. The big cities are constantly getting bigger at the expense of the smaller cities and the country. That is because they are getting the trade of the country—the individual trade, not alone that of the country merchants. You neglect your home merchant. He goes out of business, moves to the city and becomes a hired man for one of these trusts."

"Well, what can we do about it? If the mail order business is a trust, it seems to be a legitimate one. There is no law against it."

"You are quite right. But there are things you can do. For instance, you can set to work and organize in your town a home trade league, the members to pledge themselves, so far as possible, to encourage home trade by trading at home. If I lived in a small town, I'd do something just like that. Why don't you do it?"

The citizen remarked that he'd think it over. A great many others might think the matter over without any injury to local interests.

### A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

The Local Newspaper is Not an Object of Charity.

"The old idea of keeping support the local newspaper," remarked the editor of a country paper, "has played out. Country newspaperdom has changed amazingly in recent years. There may have been a time when a few newspapers were objects of charity, when the fellows who tried to run them sought advertising on the ground of supporting the paper, but those days have passed."

"A newspaper is a business proposition. It has two commodities for sale, each of which is worth money, just as potatoes, legal services or dry goods are worth money. These commodities are subscriptions and advertising space. Now that nearly everybody takes the home paper it would seem that nobody should have to be 'shown' that advertising space in the home paper is worth money to the buyer—that is, if he knows how to use his space intelligently. And most advertisers in late years have learned how."

"The old argument was that the paper helps to build up the town and you should therefore support it. The new argument is that the paper will help to build up your business if you use its advertising columns."

### Nathan the Knocker.

Nathan Jones the Knocker  
Was the best of Pleasant View—  
Spent his time in knocking.  
Having nothing else to do,  
Knocked his next door neighbor.  
And he knocked his neighbors' cats;  
Knocked his neighbors' children.  
Though he always called them "brats".  
Knocked the dry goods merchant  
And the grocer down the street;  
Knocked the town in general  
To every one he'd meet.

Nathan Jones the Knocker  
Was a knocker of the county.  
Though he lived in Pleasant View,  
So he had a good deal  
That he did in his own life.  
The way he did it was all  
Swing his fist and take a fall;  
Swing his fist and take a fall;  
And they'd say when they were through  
"Nathan Jones the Knocker".

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### Portage County Loan & Abstract Co.

Successors to R. H. BUTTERFIELD & CO.

Will furnish you an ABSTRACT OF TITLE to any real estate in Portage County. Will buy or sell your farm. Loan Money on real estate in Portage County. Houses to rent in city. Improved and wild lands for sale. Mortgages and deeds carefully drawn. Notary Public. Office in Arrow Block, corner Main Street and Strong Avenue.

Telephone in Connection. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

### MEAT MARKETS

## Meat Market

**A. G. GREEN, Proprietor.**

We keep constantly on hand a full and complete supply of:

**Fresh, Smoked and Salt Meats**  
Ham, Butter, Eggs,  
Lard, Poultry, Fresh Fish, Etc

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, and they will find the stock always new and fresh, and the highest cash price paid for furs, hides and pelts.

### Central City Meat Market.

**V. BETLACH, PROP.**  
STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN

**CANNED AND BOTTLE GOODS.**

Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats; also Bologna and Fresh Sausages.  
415 Main Street, opposite Postoffice.

### The Leading Daily Paper of Wisconsin

The Milwaukee Journal is offered for the next few weeks with THE GAZETTE for \$2.75 per year. Think of it! A metropolitan daily paper and your own local paper for only \$2.75, strictly in advance.

Bring your subscription to THE GAZETTE office before this clubbing offer is withdrawn

### Langenberg Brick Mfg. Co.

manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

**Red Pressed, Building and Fire BRICK.**

Also dealers in  
White Lime, Plastering Hair, Adamant Wall Plaster, Stuccos, Cements, &c.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge, and orders from abroad promptly attended to. Write for price list. Telephone: Office, No. 90; Works, No. 91.  
1000 145 Main Street STEVENS POINT, WIS.

### F. W. GIESE, TAILOR

1203 Division St., South Side.

Samples of Spring and Summer Cloths now ready, and suits or garments made at low prices and on quick time.

**LADIES' TAILORING.**  
I am now prepared to furnish perfect fitting, well made Ladies' Suits, Skirts or Coats guaranteeing satisfaction in all respects. Will sell cloth by the yard, or ladies may furnish their own cloth.

Agent for Otto Pletsch Dye Works. All kinds of repairing. **F. W. GIESE.**

### 3 FOR 1

Every Room an Outside Room  
Every Room a Telephone  
Every Room Hot and Cold Running Water

Every day we serve a 50c Table d'Hote Breakfast, Dinner, and Supper; Club Breakfasts for 15c to 50c. Our rates are \$1 per day European Plan; with bath \$1.50 to \$2.50. Many travelers from choice or necessity limit their hotel expenses to \$2 per day. Friends of ours and acquaintances so situated who know the superiority of our rooms, but have found it impossible heretofore to stop at the Hotel Blatz for \$2 per day, (with three meals each day) have induced us to arrange a plan whereby all Hotel Blatz patrons can get three successive 50c meals for \$1, or two successive meals for 75c. This plan gives all our customers an opportunity of stopping at Hotel Blatz for \$2 per day including room and three meals. Waitresses in dining room.

**Hotel Blatz Co., Prop.** ERNST CLARENBACH, Pres. & Mgr. JOHN J. SWENEY, Asst. Mgr.

### 16,500 PEOPLE 16,500 DR. BREWER

Will show you the names, the record of medicines used and the result obtained of over 15,500 people treated by him.

**THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE WORTH SOMETHING TO THE SICK.**

If you have a headache, or a cold, or a fever, or a cough, or a sore throat, or a pain in the chest, or a pain in the stomach, or a pain in the back, or a pain in the joints, or a pain in the nerves, or a pain in the muscles, or a pain in the bones, or a pain in the skin, or a pain in the eyes, or a pain in the ears, or a pain in the nose, or a pain in the mouth, or a pain in the throat, or a pain in the chest, or a pain in the stomach, or a pain in the back, or a pain in the joints, or a pain in the nerves, or a pain in the muscles, or a pain in the bones, or a pain in the skin, or a pain in the eyes, or a pain in the ears, or a pain in the nose, or a pain in the mouth, or a pain in the throat, or a pain in the chest, or a pain in the stomach, or a pain in the back, or a pain in the joints, or a pain in the nerves, or a pain in the muscles, or a pain in the bones, or a pain in the skin, or a pain in the eyes, or a pain in the ears, or a pain in the nose, or a pain in the mouth, or a 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## Normal Notes.

Prof. G. A. Talbot took his class in advanced botany to the flour mills, Wednesday.

Professor G. E. Culver, C. B. Bacon and A. H. Sanford were at Merrill Friday evening, where they acted in the capacity of judges in the district oratorical contest.

The visiting committee, consisting of Miss Morgan of Appleton, Co. Supt. Drensen of Kewaunee, and City Supt. Ames of Plover Falls, spent Thursday and Friday here. Supt. Drensen addressed the school Thursday during morning exercises.

Friday morning exercises were given to the discussion of "The Iris." Leslie Bennett spoke on the character of the paper and Peter Geimer presented the business side of it. According to all indications this year's issue will be the best ever put out by the school.

Saturday evening a reception was tendered the visiting committee and students of the school by the faculty. During the course of the evening a farce was presented by the faculty and a maypole by several young girls of the grades. Various games were also played, after which light refreshments were served. Music was furnished by Hein's orchestra.

The following rhetorical program will be rendered Friday during the 2:15 period:

The possibility of a new State. . . . . Ada Judd  
College discipline. . . . . Claudina Halverson  
The woman from the college. . . . .

Grace Degen  
Pearl formations. . . . . Leonore Dumphy  
Modern travel by sea. . . . . Thada Boston  
Commerce on the great lakes. . . . .

Meta Schenk  
The American army as viewed by a private soldier. . . . . Ed. Fromme  
Africa fifty years hence. . . . . J. H. McCormick

## ARNOTT.

Mrs. E. J. Carley was a caller at the Point, Friday.

For a good time go to the grand ball at M. W. A. hall, May 3rd.

The Steinke brothers are at Amherst this week, where they are working on a large contract of masonry.

Mrs. Ada McClain, of West Superior, came to stay with her sister, Miss Ethel Lewis, for a couple of months.

Moses Leary, of Custer, and Edward Geraughty, of Kansas, called among friends and relatives one day last week.

The Royal Neighbors will serve supper next Friday evening for the grand ball. The ladies will not leave anything undone to have a fine spread.

The orchestra is progressing very rapidly under the leadership of Prof. E. Weber of Stevens Point, and the boys will be furnishing first-class music soon.

Don't forget to come and bring your friends next Friday evening to the ball given by Arnott Dancing Club. A grand time is promised. Tickets, 50 cents per couple.

G. A. Sutherland, of Stevens Point, was a visitor among friends a few days last week. The boys are always glad to have old acquaintances make a call, so come again, Dodger.

A farewell surprise party was given in honor of Mrs. John Lewis and daughter Maud. They departed for California, Saturday, where they will join their daughter and sister, Mrs. W. S. Bigler, who is very sick, and will help care for her.

## AMHERST.

Frank Draski, buttermaker at the Lanark creamery, was in town Saturday.

Geo. DeClark, of Arnott, transacted business at Dwinell & Scheidel's mill, at Lower Amherst, last Friday.

The section men on both sections of the W. C. railway struck for an increase of 20 cents per diem, last Thursday.

Jack Tobie has rented A. J. Luce's livery barn. The latter will move onto his farm adjoining the village on the south for a year's rest, after many years of close attention to livery and teaming.

Ben Fleming arrested and brought John and Anton Konkel before McRobert's court, one day last week, where they pleaded guilty to doing some illegal fishing in Ricker Lake. They were taxed \$10 each and costs.

Considering the cold and disagreeable weather last Saturday, the attendance at the monthly fair was large. Farmers were present from Plover, Stockton, Buena Vista, Lanark, Belmont, Farmington, Scandinavia and New Hope, also a few from Stevens Point.

Wm. Kjer and Miss Lucy Gladoski, both of Amherst, were married at Neenah, last Thursday, by the Rev. Kludal. Mr. Kjer, the groom, is one of our popular young men and is highly esteemed by all his acquaintances. The bride is one of our most esteemed young ladies, who has held the responsible position of head dining room girl at the Summit House for several years and will make a model wife and housekeeper.

Work on the new skimming station at Torun began last Tuesday. They were to start up May 1st, but on account of snow and freezing weather the work was delayed. It is hoped that we may start May 15th.

One of the largest wedding processions of the season passed through here last Monday, the parties being Joe Kazelick and Miss Martha Lilla. Both well known young people of the town of Sharon. Many from this way attended the wedding and all report a good time and a bountiful dinner.

The cold weather is making milk short, as many have no feed for their cows, and it will be at least two weeks before there will be anything in the pastures to speak of. Butter is still up. Average price for March in 1906 was about 25 cents and the farmer got 27 cents, this year the average price was 30 and they got 31 and 32 cents a pound.

To Spend Summer in London.

Rev. M. N. Ray, who recently resigned the pastorate of the Episcopal church in this city, will leave shortly for an extended trip in the east, before starting on a European tour. He will spend the summer in London and will have charge of a suburban parish during the absence of the regular pastor, the latter, a boyhood friend of Rev. Ray, intending to visit his mother in New York some time in July or August.

Audiences Are Well Pleased.

The Ideal Theatre was opened by A. W. Carlo, Saturday evening, and since then has been drawing fine crowds every afternoon and evening. The program given includes illustrated songs and moving pictures, each unusually long and interesting. Every feature of the short entertainments are commendable; the songs are popular, the singer more than satisfactory, and the pictures of a humorous nature, all clear and well handled. The entertainment is well worth the price and the continued success of the gentlemanly and courteous manager and assistants during the entire season is looked for.

Misses Young and Langenberg, Local High School Students, Win Honors in Contest at Grand Rapids.

At the League High school declamatory contest, held at Grand Rapids Friday evening, the two local representatives, Misses Merle Young and Ella Langenberg, received third and fourth places respectively, the former making a fine impression on her auditors and judges with "The Swinging Ice Pitcher," and the latter presenting a scene from "To Have and To Hold." First and second places were won by the Wausau representatives, Miss Mabel E. Plantz receiving the decision on her rendition of "Madame Butterfly," and Miss Marie Brands being conceded second best for the manner in which she gave "The Gazelle and Swan." The judges were Miss Wynman of Ripon College, Supt. Thompson of Columbus and Supt. Wilson of Fond du Lac. The Grand Rapids speakers were awarded fifth and sixth places.

Both of the successful speakers showed the result of careful and continuous practice, the work of Miss Rogers, a talented elocutionist, who is kept on the faculty list of the Wausau High school all year. Miss Young and Miss Langenberg did credit to the local school and one of the judges awarded Miss Young second place. Considering the disadvantages the two young ladies had to contend with, their showing was excellent. Speaking generally of the contest, the Grand Rapids Reporter states: "The decision of the judges gave universal satisfaction and was met with prolonged applause, punctuated now and then by the yell of the Wausau High school delegation."

A COMMUNICATION.

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L. E. E. Wadleigh.

Gunder L. Sande Married.

Miss Anna Helen Bakke, of Minneapolis, and Gunder L. Sande, now of Larimore, N. D., but a former Stevens Point, were married at Minneapolis on Saturday, April 29, and will be at home after Oct. 1, at Larimore, an announcement of which has been received by The Gazette. Mr. Sande is established in the jewelry business at Larimore and has met with deserved success. He is a first-class, progressive and wide-awake citizen, one who makes friends wherever he goes, and all here are pleased to learn of his having joined the great and growing ranks of benefactors. Sincere well wishes are extended to him and his. The young couple will make a bridal tour to Norway and other parts of the old world.

T. R. Guenther attended to business at the county seat, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Horman, of East Knowlton, were in Wausau Monday.

W. Stark, Sr., who has been very ill, is greatly improved, much to the satisfaction of his friends.

Rev. Millar, of Wausau, preached a fine sermon Monday night at the Knowlton M. E. church.

Miss Minnie Creasey, one of Knowlton's very popular young ladies, left Monday for Prairie du Sac, to remain indefinitely.

Mrs. Mills and Miss Fay Shipley, who have been visiting here the past week, left for their home at Prairie du Sac, Monday noon.

The Ladies' Aid society will meet Wednesday, May 8th, at the home of Mrs. A. Prabody. Let all the ladies arrange to attend, as an enjoyable session will certainly be in evidence.

Messrs. Schekey and Steinh, of the Johnson Creek Lumber firm, returned from Jefferson county Monday night, where they had been called to attend the funeral of Mr. Steinh's and Mrs. Schekey's mother.

Let everyone turn out for the K. P. C. entertainment, Friday night, May 3rd. A free bus will meet all passengers trains that day. The moonlight will make driving pleasant. Everything promises to be a pleasurable evening, well spent.

Monday morning Mr. and Mrs. B. Warren and children, Mr. and Mrs. Stark, Jr., and daughters and Charlie Sparhawk left Knowlton for Sand Point, Idaho. A large number of people were at the train to see these popular and deserving people off, wishing them great success in their new venture. We feel deeply their loss.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Lindsay, who have resided here some time, shipped their household goods to Manawa where they will reside in the future. Mrs. Lindsay went down Tuesday. Mr. Lindsay will remain here for a short time longer or until the lumber shipments for the season of the Little Wolf Lumber Co. will have been finished. We regret the departure of this very popular young couple from Knowlton society.

## RUDOLPHE.

Mrs. Pat. Case is entertaining relatives from Minnesota.

Eddie Bringman was on the sick list the fore part of the week.

William Slattery transacted business in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Slattery visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fogarty in Carson.

Charles Sullivan moved his family to Grand Rapids, Saturday, where they intend to live for the future.

Nels Justeson, who has been employed on the railroad section here for some time, resigned his position last week.

Miss Alice Redmond departed last week for Omro, where she expects to remain for some time visiting relatives.

Miss Orlie Akey returned home Saturday from Grand Rapids, where she had been employed in one of the printing offices.

Miss May Bade, who has been a student at the Stevens Point Normal the past two years, is visiting at the home of her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pasneau, who resided in Port Edwards the past winter, moved onto the Charley Daly farm last week.

Messrs. A. J. Kujawa, John Reyome and Emmet Slattery attended the meeting of the Catholic Foresters in Grand Rapids, Monday evening.

Elmer Brys is the possessor of a fine organ, which was disposed of Saturday by Mrs. Chas. Sullivan. Elmer secured it for the small amount of five cents.

Charley Daly and Oliver Akey purchased sixty acres of land for the sum of \$3,000, said land lying on the opposite side of the main road extending past the Daly farm.

The Misses Dora Johnson, Tessie Slattery and Carl Jacobson, students at the Wood county training school, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of their parents.

## ELLIS.

Peter Eiden, Jr., has masons at work on his new barn.

Mr. and Mrs. John Formella were in Stevens Point one day last week.

August Oesterle bought a fine gray colt of Andrew Baker one day last week.

Geo. Summers, our Polonia merchant, is driving a fine new horse, harness and buggy.

Miss Helen Summers, of Stevens Point, is visiting at Polonia, the guest of her uncle, Geo. Summers and family.

Miss Mary Lukovicz, who is attending business college in Stevens Point, came home last Saturday and is spending a few days among friends.

Not asleep or gone, just snowed in, but the rain Sunday settled the snow enough that we are able to move about again, but by all appearances will have to return to winter quarters.

Wendell Stark, of Knowlton, visited his sister, Mrs. Alois Miller, a few days last week, before going west. Mr. Stark intends to make Idaho his future home and his many friends here wish him the best success.

Work on the new skimming station at Torun began last Tuesday. They were to start up May 1st, but on account of snow and freezing weather the work was delayed. It is hoped that we may start May 15th.

One of the largest wedding processions of the season passed through here last Monday, the parties being Joe Kazelick and Miss Martha Lilla. Both well known young people of the town of Sharon. Many from this way attended the wedding and all report a good time and a bountiful dinner.

The cold weather is making milk short, as many have no feed for their cows, and it will be at least two weeks before there will be anything in the pastures to speak of. Butter is still up. Average price for March in 1906 was about 25 cents and the farmer got 27 cents, this year the average price was 30 and they got 31 and 32 cents a pound.

## To Spend Summer in London.

Rev. M. N. Ray, who recently resigned the pastorate of the Episcopal church in this city, will leave shortly for an extended trip in the east, before starting on a European tour. He will spend the summer in London and will have charge of a suburban parish during the absence of the regular pastor, the latter, a boyhood friend of Rev. Ray, intending to visit his mother in New York some time in July or August.

## Monthly Session of Business Men's Association Devoted to Proposed and Much Needed Enterprise.

At the regular monthly meeting and banquet of the Stevens Point Business Men's association, held in the library club rooms, Thursday evening, 79 members and guests were present and all enjoyed the excellent supper prepared by the ladies of St. Stephen's Catholic church, as well as the musical program arranged by the entertainment committee. From the business session which followed each member present derived inestimable benefits and all fully realized that Stevens Point is still one of the best towns on earth.

Grace was asked by Rev. F. A. Nimits before the banquet and while the catables were being done away with, several musical selections were rendered, Mrs. T. H. Hay and Harry Cowles contributing vocal numbers and Mrs. A. W. White rendered a pretty piano selection in her artistic and skillful manner.

President D. E. Frost presided during the business session. The first matter taken up was the reading of a letter by H. J. Finch, chairman of the industrial committee, who had received a communication from Isaac Witter, of Grand Rapids, in which the latter urged the improvement of the local water power. The contents of the letter were to the effect that the company owning the power are willing to do all in their power to help this city, but that capital and resources had been invested in the enterprises at Grand Rapids, and that their attention would be turned here within another year or two.

A letter from the Woman's Club was read by the secretary. The communication requested the co-operation of the business men in the effort to make a clean city by civic improvement. Upon motion the committee on public improvements was instructed to act with the civic improvement of the Woman's Club toward the betterment and improvement of local sanitary and other conditions. The aid of the board of public works, as well as that of Street Commissioner Cauley, will be sought in the effort to improve the city in many respects.

A formal report was presented by A. R. Week, chairman of the railway committee, which had made a careful analysis of the proposed franchise sought by the Wisconsin River Valley Electric Co. from the cities of Stevens Point and Grand Rapids. The report included the following recommendations for changes in the franchise: That the company specify what power it will utilize and eliminate steam in the city; that the streets upon which the cars are to run be definitely designated; that the tracks be built to conform with the grades, now regularly established, or to be so rebuilt as to conform with new grades when present grades are altered; that the parts of the streets occupied by the company be kept in repair at the company's expense with the same material as used by the city on the adjoining parts of the streets, or with material satisfactory to the city; that the poles be set in out-of-the-way places and that the same be painted; that such poles and wires can be removed by the city authorities in time of fire or any emergency without later reimbursement from the city for alleged damages; that some certain time schedule for the cars be followed; that the freight car traffic be regulated by the city; that the company pay for the strengthening of city bridges, which they propose using, and that they permit other suburban lines the use of the tracks when necessary. Following the report a lengthy discussion on the changes embodied therein took place, in which Messrs. Park, Frost, Finch, Pagel, Walters, Buckingham, Eddy, Week, Pfiffner, Sellers, Collins, Nelson, McGlathlin, Coye and others uttered their opinions, all agreeing that we should recognize the railroad as a decided advantage to the city, but that the rights and privileges of Stevens Point should be held above the rights and privileges of the company. Dr. Hay advised the city authorities against making the general mistake made by cities when a waterworks, lighting or street railway franchise granted, to forget themselves in the anxiety to boost their town by giving the company privileges which they would regret 10 or 15 years later, and at which time they could not alter their original bequests. A motion of E. W. Sellers, with an amendment by B. B. Park, recommended a conference between the railroad committees of the common councils of Grand Rapids and Stevens Point before a franchise is granted by either city.

A motion made by Supt. John N. Davis that the public improvement committee urge the officials of the Central to co-operate in some measure in the improvement of the local depot, was unanimously carried. Mr. Davis stated that the present structure was a discredit to the city and citizens.

A paper on the "Industrial Advantages of Stevens Point," prepared and read by W. H. Coye, appears elsewhere in this issue. In a short talk, E. W. Sellers requested that everybody be a "booster" and thus kill the "knocking" habit. He suggested also that some consideration be accorded the matter of guaranteeing a small percentage of railroad fare to people from out of town who trade here. The rumor that the Wisconsin Central will re-establish the division headquarters here was also informally discussed.

In an unprecedented spirit of magnanimity, R. A. Oberlitz moved that the invitation to attend the next monthly banquet of the local business men be extended to the president and vice president of the Wisconsin Central. The motion was carried unanimously. The meeting then adjourned.

## Audiences Are Well Pleased.

The Ideal Theatre was opened by A. W. Carlo, Saturday evening, and since then has been drawing fine crowds every afternoon and evening. The program given includes illustrated songs and moving pictures, each unusually long and interesting. Every feature of the short entertainments are commendable; the songs are popular, the singer more than satisfactory, and the pictures of a humorous nature, all clear and well handled. The entertainment is well worth the price and the continued success of the gentlemanly and courteous manager and assistants during the entire season is looked for.

## Misses Young and Langenberg, Local High School Students, Win Honors in Contest at Grand Rapids.

At the League High school declamatory contest, held at Grand Rapids Friday evening, the two local representatives, Misses Merle Young and Ella Langenberg, received third and fourth places respectively, the former making a fine impression on her auditors and judges with "The Swinging Ice Pitcher," and the latter presenting a scene from "To Have and To Hold." First and second places were won by the Wausau representatives, Miss Mabel E. Plantz receiving the decision on her rendition of "Madame Butterfly," and Miss Marie Brands being conceded second best for the manner in which she gave "The Gazelle and Swan." The judges were Miss Wynman of Ripon College, Supt. Thompson of Columbus and Supt. Wilson of Fond du Lac. The Grand Rapids speakers were awarded fifth and sixth places.

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**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

Makes the finest, lightest, best flavored biscuit, hot-breads, cake and pastry. Renders the food more digestible and wholesome.

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

**The Kind That Always Pleases.**

A remarkably well told melodrama, abounding with thrilling and strong dramatic situations, spiced with abundant good humor and fun, is the fundamental principle in "Girl of the Streets," which appeared at the Grand, Monday and Tuesday evenings. This interesting play, requiring the best of talent for its successful portrayal, is given a fine presentation by a very competent cast, each member of which did full justice to his or her respective difficult role. From the hero to the villain, and again from the heroine to the reformed "Girl of the Streets," each accorded to his and her part with real and natural acting. Among the several specialties introduced none lacked the power of holding the attention of the audience. The scenery, too, amply supplied the demands made of the piece. Though the production would merit more detailed comments, space makes it imperative that the play be considered in brief, and that is that the company made a splendid impression here and should be met with a "full house" on another appearance, or wherever it may go.

**Dorothy Dodd SHOES**

If you appreciate style and distinction in dress you will be delighted with the "Dorothy Dodd" Oxford Ties we are showing this season. Made of high grade leathers, in a variety of beautiful designs, they impart real elegance to the feet. Yet, thanks to their great popularity, "Dorothy Dodd" Shoes are always moderately priced. Come in tomorrow and ask to see the new fashions and feel under no obligation to buy in doing so.

**RINGNESS**

The Shoe Man.

**GROCERIES**

**H. D. McCULLOCH CO.**

**Alcohol not needed**

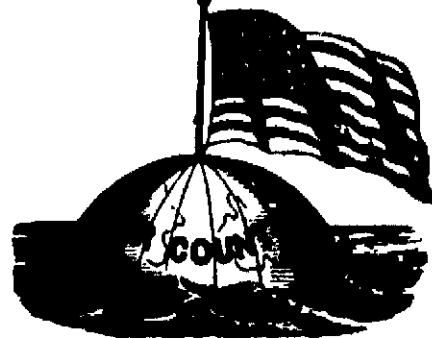
Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a strong drink. As now made, there is not a drop of alcohol in it. It is a non-alcoholic tonic and alterative. Ask your own doctor about your taking this medicine for thin, impure blood. Follow his advice every time. He knows.

**Ayer's**

Ask your doctor, "What is the first great rule of health?" Nine doctors out of ten will quickly reply, "Keep the bowels regular." Then ask him another question, "What do you think of Ayer's Pills for constipation?"

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.





STEVENS POINT, WIS., MAY 1, 1907.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES  
FOR THE BUSY MANMOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF  
THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN  
CONDENSED FORM.

## ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of  
Greatest Interest from All Parts of  
the Globe—Latest Home and For-  
eign Items.

President Roosevelt, the diplomatic, naval and military representatives of 37 of the nations of the world, and the governors of a score of states participated in the opening exercises of the Jamestown Tercentennial exposition. The president reviewed the foreign and American war ships in Hampton Roads, made a vigorous address in the exposition grounds, reviewed a parade of soldiers and sailors and pushed the gold button that opened the fair.

William B. McKead, president of McKead & Co., Chicago note brokers, has left that city and it was said a Kansas City company accused him of appropriating the proceeds of two notes for \$5,000 each sent him for sale.

Prof. M. Mugan, of St. Louis, and E. M. Dey, having decided an oratorical contest at Shurtleff college, Upper Alton, Ill., against the freshmen class, were seized by freshmen, tied to trees and left there all night.

Prof. Albert Ritter von Mosetig-Moorhof, the famous surgeon and introducer of iodoform, while walking on the banks of the Danube fell in the water and was drowned.

Reports coming to the Great Northern railway headquarters at St. Paul indicate that the farmers of the northwest are suffering from lack of help during seeding time.

Citizens of Winona, Minn., presented to James A. Tawney, chairman of the appropriations committee of the national house of representatives, a solid silver loving cup, lined with gold.

A Portuguese Jew was murdered at Casablanca, Morocco, by a negro in the pay of a Moor. The murderer received one franc as the price of his crime.

Alfred Packer, who in 1883 was sentenced to imprisonment for 40 years for killing five men with whom he was lost, and eating one of them, died in Deer Creek canyon, Colorado.

Sentiment among the humorists of the country favorable to building a monument to the late Edgar Wilson Nye (Bill Nye) has taken definite form.

George Hively, of Kettle, W. Va., shot and killed Robert Summers of the same place. They were respected farmers and have families. Hively made his escape.

Lindsay B. Hicks, the miner who for 17 days was buried in the Edison mine at Bakersfield Cal., attempted suicide at Reno, Nev., by leaping in front of a switch engine. A bystander saved his life.

David Wilcox, former president of the Delaware & Hudson railroad company, committed suicide on the steamer Barbarossa, because of ill health.

John D. Rockefeller gave to the University of Chicago land valued at \$2,000,000.

S. T. K. Prime, a veteran crop reporter, died in Chicago as the result of a stroke of paralysis.

Dr. J. N. Groves, for 40 years a practicing physician in Effingham, Ill., died. He was surgeon of the Fourth Michigan cavalry during the civil war and was a member of the squad which captured Jefferson Davis.

Gabriel Potts, a young farmer, shot and probably fatally wounded his bride of three months, and then shot himself, at Selipman, Mo.

Fully 15,000 people attended a barbeque given by the American Society of Equity at Lexington, Ky., organized to fight the tobacco trust. Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana contributed the crowds.

Charles Ansberry, of Bement, Ill., and J. Thebald, of Hannibal, Mo., were crushed to death at Strasburg, Ill. While they were moving the Wabash railway station the jacks gave way. The men were underneath.

Giovanni Morosini, the New York banker, was dangerously injured in his home in Riverside-on-the-Hudson. Having reached the age of 64 years, Brig Gen. John W. Bubb, recently in command of the department of the Dakotas at St. Paul, Minn., was placed on the retired list of the army.

Patrick Gallagher and John Novack, miners in No. 5 drift of the Delaware & Hudson company at Olyphant, Pa., were crushed to death by falling roofs.

The pulp mill of the Lake Superior corporation located in the Canadian Soo, across the river from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., burned. The loss is \$100,000.

The drought conditions in Cuba are growing worse and the Santiago water supply is cut off.

Engineer John Phillips, of Delmar, Del., was killed in a head-on collision between a south-bound local passenger train and a north-bound freight on the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk railroad at Eden, Md. No passengers were injured.

Fire in a den of lions at the Lincoln park animal house in Chicago excited the entire menagerie and threatened a delivery of reptiles, tigers and leopards.

Commissioner of Patents Frederick I. Allen has resigned to resume the practice of law.

Four miners were killed and nine injured by an explosion in the Black Diamond mine 25 miles from Seattle.

E. G. Russell, executive agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific in British Columbia, committed suicide at Prince Rupert.

Eddie Tate, the safe-blower who escaped from a hospital in Peoria, was located in Chicago and was said to be seeking to make terms with the police.

Levi Cook Lincoln, who for 17 years has been secretary-treasurer and general manager of the Woonsocket Electric Machine & Power company, confessed that he had stolen \$92,000 of the company's funds and poured it into Wall street.

Because a deputy marshal was killed by negroes in Big Springs, Tex., all the colored people were ordered to leave the town.

H. Shuckley confessed in San Francisco that he and other union men had plotted to abduct and murder P. H. McCarthy, president of the Building Trades council.

Fire in Minneapolis destroyed the Wisconsin Central freight depot, the loss being \$400,000.

W. O. Douglass, it was learned, stole bonds worth more than \$400,000 from the Trust Company of America, his intention being to compel the company to overlook his smaller thefts if he should return the securities.

Gilbert L. Laws, former secretary of state and representative from the old Second Nebraska district, died at Lincoln after an illness of several weeks. He was 69 years old.

President Roosevelt and family and many congressmen, diplomats and governors of states went to Norfolk for the formal opening of the Jamestown exposition.

A negro made a murderous and seemingly aimless attack on a young woman of Alton, Ill., and was pursued by a posse of citizens.

"Economy," a socialistic colony in Washington, was wiped out of existence by a court order for the sale of its property to pay its debts.

The jail at Chipley, Fla., was destroyed by fire and Henry Berry, a prisoner, was burned to death.

Three thieves stole \$5,000 worth of diamonds from a store in Oakland, Cal.

Edward Harper, of Leadville, Col., cashier of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, died of tuberculosis at Pittsburg, Pa.

John M. Seaton, a well known mining man of Cananea, Sonora, Mexico, has mysteriously disappeared, and it is believed that he has been murdered, as when last seen he had a large sum of money on his person.

Canada has purchased the famous Pablo herd of buffalo.

Several attempts of train wreckers to set fire to a bridge on the Southern railroad near Temple, Ind., were uncovered by the town marshal of English, Ind., who was shot twice by two men believed to be the guilty parties.

John A. Avery, manager of the Lyceum theater of Cincinnati, died of heart disease. Mr. Avery was born at Avon, Ill., 59 years ago. He was well known in theatrical circles throughout the country.

Theodore P. Shonts has decided to give a number of service scholarships to Drake university, which was founded by his father-in-law, former governor of Iowa.

Gen. Henry R. Guss, who commanded the Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania regiment in the civil war and who was commissioned a major general in 1867, died at Westchester, Pa. He was 72 years of age.

Over 100 cottages at Pleasant Lake, in Massachusetts, were destroyed by a fire which swept through the resort. The cottages are owned by the Spiritualists Camp Meeting association.

The government of the Philippines has replaced American stamps with a distinct series on which the denominations are expressed in pesos and centavos.

Frank H. Butler, charged with the murder of the Marvin child, was discharged from custody for the want of sufficient evidence.

Robert Bradley, a well-known horse man, died at his home, the Greenway stock farm, in Virginia.

By whipping out his penknife and cutting a patient's windpipe Dr. Julius London saved the life of a man who was choking to death in the Lincoln hospital in New York.

Dennis Kearney, who in 1870 headed the "send lot" agitation against the Chinese in California, died at Bradley, Cal.

The fishing letter Searchlight of Harbor Beach, Mich., was believed to have sunk in Lake Huron with her crew of six men.

Thaddeus Stevens Ross, of Oil City, Pa., was shot and killed a few hours before the time set for his wedding, by Miss Belle Stroup, his former sweetheart, who then committed suicide.

A treaty of peace was signed at Amapala by the representatives of Nicaragua and Salvador. Another revolution in Honduras in favor of Manuel Bonilla was started.

After 20 hours' deliberation the jury in the case of Bill Britton, charged with the assassination of Town Marshal James A. Cockrill at Jackson, Breathitt county, Kentucky, reported a hopeless disagreement and was discharged.

Gov. Cummins, of Iowa, in a letter to an editor said he thought it was President Roosevelt's duty to yield to the popular demand and run for the presidency again.

Fire in Allegheny, Pa., destroyed the plant of the Zoeller Packing company, the loss being about \$500,000.

Ed Tate, safe-blower, who was held in Peoria, Ill., on the charge of blowing the school board safe and destroying the N. C. Dougherty script, escaped from the St. Francis hospital.

Sherwood hall, a frame dormitory connected with Park college, Parkville, Mo., and a one-story frame building used as a dining hall were destroyed by fire. The dormitory was occupied by 30 girls.

A three-story brick building, occupied as a pattern shop and storehouse at the navy yard at Kittery, Me., was ruined by fire.

Spectators at the sportsmen's show in Duquesne gardens, Pittsburg, were thrown into a panic by the bursting of a huge tank containing 100,000 gallons of water.

Theodore Schmitt, one of the best known architects in Ohio, was thrown from an automobile in Cleveland and probably fatally injured.

Three thousand people in mass meeting at Albuquerque united in a protest against the resignation of Gov. H. J. Hagerman of New Mexico, which was requested by President Roosevelt.

Former Gov. Jennings of Florida and President Lincoln Hulley, of Stetson university at Deland, came to blows in a Tallahassee hotel lobby over a movement in the legislature to secure an amendment in the university's charter to prevent the board of trustees perpetuating itself.

Wolfram C. Fuchs, an X-ray expert of international reputation and one of the original exponents of its use in this country, died at his residence in Chicago of carcinoma, induced by burns received two years ago during his scientific researches.

One man was killed, two seriously burned and the American Insulating Material Manufacturing company's plant damaged to the extent of \$25,000 by an explosion of a large blast furnace at Alexandria, Ind.

Capt. N. T. Smith, the veteran treasurer of the Southern Pacific Railway company, died at his home at San Carlos, San Mateo county, Cal. Pneumonia, combined with paralysis, caused death.

Gifts to Kemper hall, Kenosha, Wis., to the amount of \$25,000 were announced to clear away outstanding debts of the school and to provide for improvements during the coming summer.

New York harbor firemen had a hard fight with a fire which destroyed the freight steamer Pioneer, causing a loss of \$75,000.

The Kansas supreme court appointed Judge S. H. Allen, G. H. Whitcomb and Judge T. F. Garver, all of Topeka, receivers for the property in Kansas, said to be worth \$250,000, of nine foreign brewing companies.

Antonio Infante died near Santiago, aged 150. He was born 19 years before the American revolution began.

It has been discovered that the fortune left by John Porterfield, the Allegheny banker, is nearer \$1,000,000 than \$175,000, as he supposed.

In a letter addressed to Honore Jaxon of Chicago, chairman of the "Cook county Moyer-Haywood conference," President Roosevelt replied to the criticisms of his recent letter in which he referred to Moyer and Haywood, officials of the Western Federation of Miners. He turned the tables on his critics by deploring their attempts to influence the course of justice, and reiterated his condemnation of such bad citizens as Moyer and Haywood, Debs and Harriman.

Charles C. King, former president of the First National bank of Scotland, S. D., alleged wrecker of the institution and accused of having embezzled \$21,000, was arrested in Chicago.

Miss Anne T. Jeanes, an aged Quakeress of Philadelphia, gave \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a fund for rudimentary schools for southern negroes, and named Booker T. Washington and Hollis Burke Frissell as trustees.

Dr. John Watson (Ivan MacLaren), who arrived at Mt. Pleasant, Ia., to address the students of Wesleyan university, was taken seriously ill with tonsillitis and was removed to a hospital.

The British steamer Thornhill was burned at sea, the crew reaching Barbadoes safely.

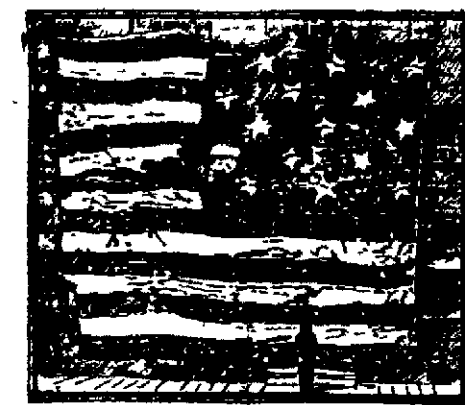
## FLAG THAT MADE SONG

STORY OF ORIGINAL OF "THE  
STAR-SPANGLED BANNER."Mrs. Hunter, Granddaughter of Com-  
mander of Fort McHenry, Gives  
Her Version—Relic Now in  
New York City.

New York.—Mrs. Georgiana L. F. G. A. A. Hunter, granddaughter of the Col. George Armistead who commanded Fort McHenry when the British bombarded it during the war of 1812, and when Francis Scott Key wrote "The Star-Spangled Banner," told a reporter the other day what she knew about the history of the original flag.

This, she says, was the private property of her grandfather, Col. Armistead, and has descended to her only brother, Eben Appleton, of this city.

When the fort was being bombarded Key, went to the British frigate Min- len, one of the bombarding fleet, under a flag of truce. On his way back to

Flag That Inspired "The Star Spangled  
Banner."

Baltimore the next morning he saw the starry flag still flying over the fort. The sight inspired him to write the national ode.

Mrs. Hunter had a picture of the original flag, which shows it to have been an unusually large garrison flag, about 30 feet by 40. It has 15 stripes, as all the national flags had at that time, one stripe for each state.

The stars are well pointed, being 15 in number, except that one has been shot away by a shell. Aside from this rent and another at one corner, also made by a shell, the flag is in excellent condition.

Mrs. Hunter differs with her sister,

## IS SMALLEST PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Conducted Solely for Children of Al-  
leged Outlaw.

Madison.—Wisconsin claims to be conducting the smallest public school on the American continent. A single family provides the pupils, six in number, and to give these children an education the state pays a teacher \$40 a month. The family is that of John F. Dietz, who has a national reputation as the "Outlaw of Cameron Dam," the man who is fighting an entire state, and its courts, and who is still unsubdued after three years of defiance of the authorities. G. F. Graham is the teacher of this strange school, which is conducted in the Dietz home, the only house for miles around Cameron Dam, the spot in the woods of northern Wisconsin for whose possession the battle began which has made Dietz an outlaw.

Dietz, who was formerly sheriff of Sawyer county, whose officers he is now defying, claims to have the right to collect from the Chippewa River Lumber company a fee for every log which passes through the dam. To enforce his right he drew all the water from the mill pond above the dam, and left timber valued at \$20,000 on the banks to rot. The company refused to give in, and sent men to try to dislodge him. He beat off the company's men. Then the courts were appealed to. A party sent to attack him was fired upon and one man slightly wounded. This stopped trouble for a time, until a year ago, when a new sheriff, the first having resigned rather than make another raid, took a party of six Milwaukee men into the wilderness, 50 miles from the county seat. Clarence Dietz, son of the homesteader, was

wounded, and one of the raiding party was severely wounded. The others escaped. Since then, however, Dietz has been unable to get into a civilized community without the danger of arrest, so has remained in the wilderness. On the other hand, the officers have tried to starve him out, but he remains steadfast, and during the winter a load of about 2,000 pounds of provisions, collected by admirers of his contest against a corporation, was smuggled past the deputies to his home in the woods.

But while a prisoner in the wilderness, Dietz can still claim the right from the state to educate his children, so Teacher Graham spends school hours every day teaching various members of the family of six children and the rest of the time is free to wander about the woods, hunting and fishing. He is almost in the forest primeval, and wild game is plenty at their very door.

Dietz's family consists of the following, as shown in the accompanying picture, reading from left to right: Stanley, Helen, Leslie, John, Jr., Clarence and Elmyra. Clarence is shown still wearing the bandage which dressed the wound he received in the last battle with the sheriff's posse.

## CRADLE OF A PRESIDENT.

Historic Relic Used by John Quincy  
Adams.

Boston.—The cradle bed of John Quincy Adams has historic interest for all Americans. It is preserved in the museum in Boston and is of the type common at the time Adams was born. It has a wooden box, with rockers and hood of the same material, guileless of decoration of any sort.

Speaking of cradles, one is reminded that it is said that Francis D'Assisi invented the cradle for the purpose of making plain to the people of his time who could not read the picture of the Nativity. The manner his cradle used then containing the

Mrs. George Livingston Baker, of 6 Westervelt avenue, New Brighton, Staten island, somewhat as to details in the history of the flag.

Some surprise has been expressed at different times that the flag is not now and has not always been in the possession of the national government. Mrs. Baker explained this by saying that the flag was presented to Col. Armistead by the government after the fight. Mrs. Hunter says that the flag was the private property of Col. Armistead, having been presented to him by a committee of 50 Baltimore citizens a few days before the conflict. When he saw the British fleet approaching he threw it to the breeze.

"Col. Armistead was a brilliant officer," she said. "He was graduated at West Point as a second lieutenant in 1799, became a captain in 1806, major in 1813, brevet lieutenant colonel in 1814. After his defense of the fort on Sept. 12, 1814, he was made a colonel.

"There was never any doubt but that the flag belonged to him. My mother was born in the fort some time before the death of the colonel, which occurred on April 25, 1818. She was named for him, Georgiana. Her marriage to William Stuart Appleton of the Boston family had already been told.

"I remember playing under the flag as a girl. Its history since the fight is one mainly of the occasions when it was exhibited. The last of these was at the sesquicentennial celebration of the city of Baltimore in 1880.

"It was also exhibited at the Centennial exposition at Philadelphia in 1876, and I think at some celebration connected with the Old South Church in about 1875, under the auspices of Commodore Preble. But I forget the raising of the flag at Fort McHenry in 1825 in honor of the visit of Gen. Lafayette.

"The disposition of the flag at my brother's death is problematical. He may leave it to Peabody institute in Baltimore or to a museum in Washington."

Neither Mrs. Hunter nor her brother nor her sister is connected with any Revolutionary society, although they all take interest in patriotic affairs. Eben Appleton, the owner of the flag, lives in Manhattan borough and is well to do.

Man Going to See Wreck Killed in Automobile Accident.

Portland, Ind.—Train No. 7 on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad was wrecked at Collett, four miles south of here, Sunday and about a dozen passengers were injured. Only two were seriously hurt. A truck under the tender of the engine collapsed throwing the train into the ditch.

While going to the scene of the wreck in an automobile Frank Kenworthy and a party of four of Winchester, Ind., ran into a fence and were thrown out. Kenworthy landed against a telegraph pole and his neck was broken. He died a few minutes later. George Edwards, another of the automobile party, was seriously hurt.

STEEL CAR MEN ON STRIKE.

Rioters in Salt Lake City Stop Service Entirely.

Salt Lake City.—A strike was declared on the street car lines of the Utah Light & Railway company Sunday, 450 men walking out. Numerous scenes of disorder followed attempts made by the company to operate a few cars with non-union crews and all efforts to maintain even a partial service were soon abandoned.

An end was put to the disturbances when a car marked "U. S. mail" was brought into action and towed the others back to the barns. No attempt was made to molest the mail car.

## FIRE FIGHTERS BLOWN UP.

Two Volunteers Killed and Eight Hurt  
Near St. Louis.

St. Louis.—Albert Zimmerman and John Becker were killed and eight men were injured Sunday at Luxemburg, a suburb of St. Louis, by an explosion of dynamite, while they were attempting to extinguish a fire in a small building. Several of the injured are in a serious condition.

## Castro to Retire on May 23.

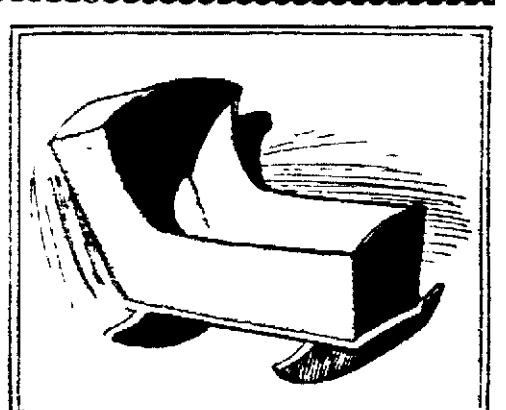
New York.—President Cipriano Castro, of Venezuela, according to information received in this city from two independent sources, is planning to retire from office on May 23. The reason is his continued ill health. He will seek recuperation in the mountains of Switzerland.

Bombs in Kaibab's Villa.

Odessa.—Sixteen bombs were discovered Sunday in a villa which Gov. Kaibab had rented for a summer residence.



Once Rocked a Future President.



Once Rocked a Future President.



All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have them correct and unimpeachable. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the carelessness in which they are written.

# HEARTS AND MASKS

By HAROLD MacGRATH

Author of "The Man in the Box," etc.

With Drawings by Harrison Fisher

(Copyright 1914, by H. B. MacGrath Co.)

## CHAPTER II.—Continued.

The ten of hearts again! Hang the card! And then with a sigh of relief I recollected that in all probability he, like Columbus, had heard me call out the card to Hamilton. Still, the popularity of the card was very disquieting. I wished it had been seven or five, then's luck in odd numbers. . . . A Blue Domino! My heart leaped, and I thought of the little ticket in my waistcoat pocket. A Blue Domino! It, by chance, there should be a connection between her and the ticket!

She was sitting all alone in a corner near by, partly screened by a pot of orange trees. I crossed over and sat down by her side. This might prove an adventure worth while.

"What a beautiful night it is!" I said.

She turned, and I caught sight of a wisp of golden hair.

"That is very original," said she. "Who in the world would have thought of passing comments on the weather at a masque! Prior to this moment the men have been calling me all sorts of sentimental names."

"Oh, I am coming to that. I am even going to make love to you."

She folded her hands—rather resignedly, I thought—and the rollicking comedy began.

## CHAPTER III.

When they give you a mask at a ball they also give you the key to all manner of folly and impudence. Even stupid people become witty, and the witty become correspondingly dainty. For all I knew, the Blue Domino at my side might be Jones' wife, or Brown's or Smith's, or even Green's; but so long as I was not certain, it mattered not in what direction my whimsical fancy took me. (It is true that ordinarily Jones and Brown and Smith and Green do not receive invitations to attend masquerades at fashionable hunt clubs; but somehow they seem to worry along without these equivocal honors, and prosper. Still, there are persons in the swim named Jones and Smythe and Browne and Greene. Pardon this parenthesis!)

As I recollected the manner in which I had self-invited the pleasure of my company to this carnival at the Blankshire Hunt club, I smiled behind my mask. Nerves! I ought to have been a professor of clinics instead of an automobile agent. But the whole affair appealed to me so strongly I could not resist it. I was drawn into the tangle by the very fascination of the scheme. I was an interloper, but nobody knew it. The ten of hearts in my pocket did not match the backs of those cards regularly issued. But what of that? Every one was ignorant of the fact. I was safe inside; and all that was romantic in my system was aroused. There are always some guests who cannot avail themselves of their invitations; and upon this vague chance I had staked my play. Besides, I was determined to disappear before the hour of unmasking. I wasn't going to take any unnecessary risks. I was, then, fairly secure under my Capuchin's robe.

Out of my mind slipped the previous adventures of the evening. I forgot, temporarily, the beautiful unknown at Mouquin's. I forgot the sardonic-lipped stranger I had met in Friar's. I forgot everything save the little ticket that had accidentally slipped into my package, and which announced that some one had rented a blue domino.

And here was a Blue Domino at my side, just simply dying to have me talk to her!

"I am madly in love with you," I began. "I have followed you often; I have seen you in your box at the opera; I have seen you whirl up Fifth avenue in your fine barouche; and here at last I meet you!" I clasped my hands passionately.

"My beautiful barouche! My box at the opera!" the girl mimicked. "What a cheerful Ananias you are!"

"You are the most enchanting creature in all the universe. You are even a turquoise, a patch of radiant summer sky, eyes of sapphire, lips—"

"Archaic, very archaic," she interrupted.

"Disillusioned in ten seconds!" I cried, dismayed. "How could you?"

She laughed.

Have you no romance? Can you not see the fitness of things? If you have not a box at the opera, you ought at least to make believe you have. History walks about us, and you call the old style archaic! That hurts!"

"Mistaken, Sir Monk—"

"There! That's more like it. By my halibon, that's the style!"

"Odds bodkins you don't tell me!"

There was a second ripple of laughter from behind the mask. It was rare music.

"I could fall in love with you!"

"There once was a Frenchman who said that as nothing is impossible, let us believe in the absurd. I might be old enough to be your grandmother,"—lightly.

"Perish the thought!"

"Perish it, indeed!"

"The mask is the thing!" I cried, enthusiastically. "You can make love to another man's wife—"

"Or your own, and nobody is the wiser,"—cynically.

"We are getting on."

"Yes, we are getting on, both in years and in folly. What are you doing in a monk's robe? Where is your monkey, gay fool?"

"I have laid it aside for the night. On such occasions as this, fools dress as wise men, and wise men as fools, everybody goes about in disguise."

"How would you go about to pick out the fools?"—curiously.

"Beginning with myself!"

"Thy name is also Candor!"

"Look at yonder Cavalier. He wobbles like a ship in distress, in the wild effort to keep his feet untangled from his partner. I'll wager he's a wealthy plumber on week days. Observe Anne of Austria! What arms! I'll lay odds that her great-grandmother took in washing. There's Romeo, now, with a pair of legs like an old apple tree. The freedom of cinema is mine to-night! Did you ever see such ridiculous ideas of costume? For my part, the robe and the domino for me. All lines are destroyed; nothing is recog-

nizable. My, my! There's Harlequin, too, walking on parentheses."

The Blue Domino laughed again.

"You talk as if you had no friends here,"—shrewdly.

"But which is my friend and which is the man to whom I owe money?"

"What! Is your tailor here, then?"

"Heaven forbid! Strange, isn't it, when a fellow starts in to pay up his bills, that the tailor and the undertaker have to wait till the last?"

"The subject is outside my understanding."

"But you have dressmakers."

"I seldom pay dressmakers."

"Ah! Then you belong to the most exclusive set!"

"Or perhaps I make my own dresses—"

"Sh!" Not so loud. Suppose some one should overhear you?"

"It was a slip of the tongue. And yet you should be lenient to all."

"Kind heart! Ah, I wonder what all those interrogation points mean—the black domino there?"

"Possibly she represents Scandal."

"Scandal, then, is symbolized by the interrogation point?"

"Yes. Whoever heard of scandal coming to a full stop, that is to say, a period?"

"I learn something every minute. A hundred years ago you would have been a cousin to Mlle. de Necker."

"Or Mme. de Stael."

"Oh, if you are married—"

"I shall have ceased to interest you?"

"On the contrary. Only marriage would account for the bitterness of your tone. What does the Blue Domino represent?"

"The needle of the compass." She stretched a sleeve out toward me and I observed for the first time the miniature compasses woven in the cloth. Surely, one does not rent a costume like this.

"I understand now why you attracted me. Whither will you guide me?"—sentimentally.

"Through dark channels and stormy seas, over tropic waters, into the haven under the hill!"

"Oh, if you go to quoting Tennyson, it's all up with me. Are you married?"

"One can easily see that at any rate you are not."

"Explain."

"Gunner—The gridiron hero is all smiles."

Gunner—Yes; he has captured a gridiron heroine."

Gunner—Yes, a college girl, who really knows how to broil a beefsteak.—Chicago Daily News.

"To be Continued."

"Captured a Prize."

Gunner—The gridiron hero is all smiles."

Gunner—Yes; he has captured a gridiron heroine."

Gunner—Yes, a college girl, who really knows how to broil a beefsteak.—Chicago Daily News.

"To be Continued."

"Your voice lacks the proper and requisite anxiety. It is always the married woman who enjoys the mask with thoroughness. She knows her husband will be watching her; and jealousy is a good sign."

"You are a philosopher. Certainly you must be married."

"Well, one does become philosophical—after marriage."

"But are you married?"

"I do not say so."

"Would you like to be?"

"I have my share of feminine curiosity. But I wonder,"—musingly, "why they do not give masquerade oftener?"

"That is easily explained. Most of us live masquerading day by day, and there might be too much of a good thing."

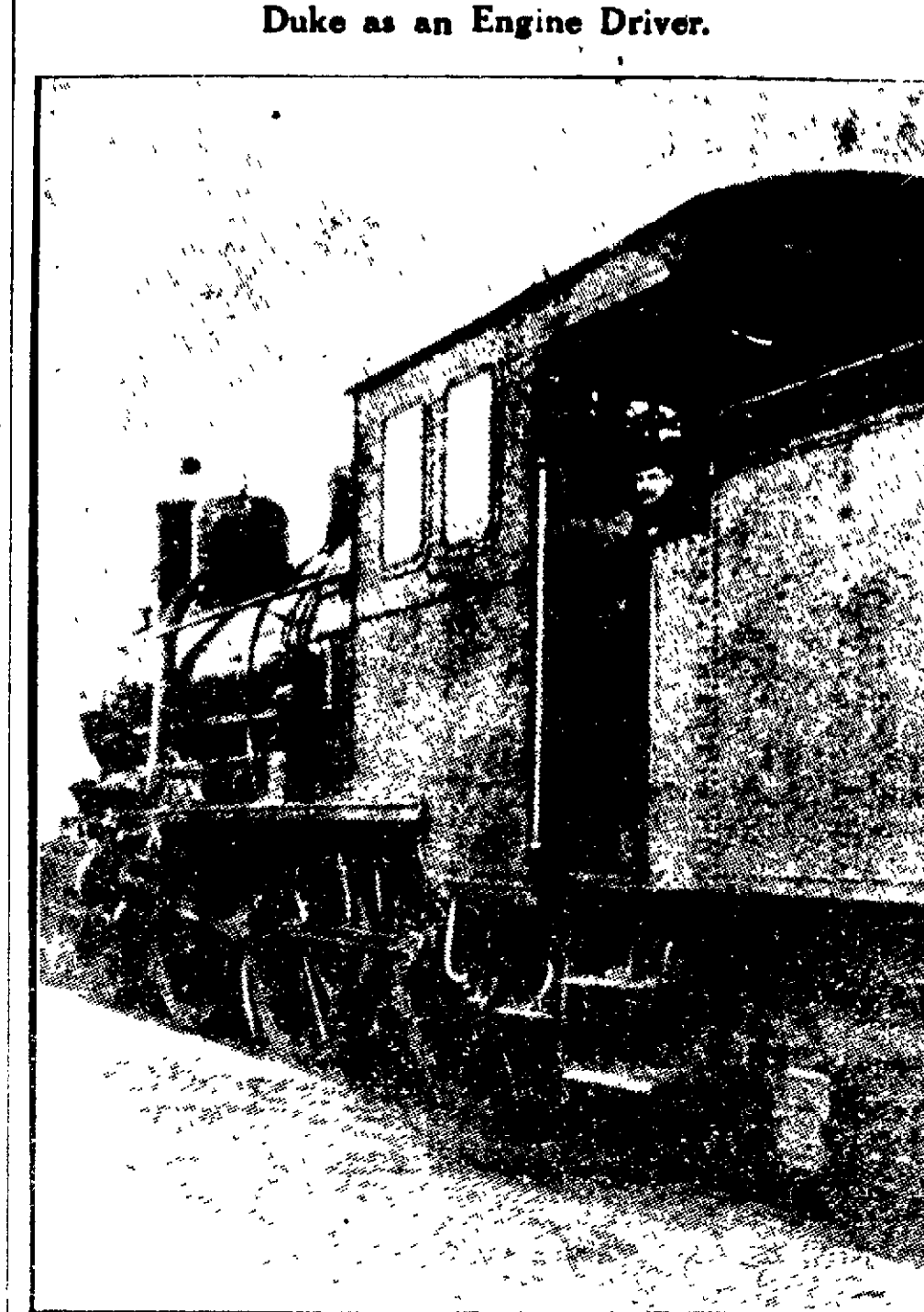
"That is a bit of philosophy that goes well with your robe. Indeed, what better mask is there than the human countenance?"

"If we become serious, we shall put folly out of joint," said I, rising. "And besides, we shall miss the best part of this dance."

She did not hesitate an instant. I led her to the floor, and we joined the dancers. She was as light as a feather, a leaf, the down of the thistle; mysterious as the Cuman Sibyl; and I wondered who she might be. The hand that lay on my sleeve was as white as milk, and the filbert-shaped horn of the fingertips was the tint of rose leaves. Was she connected with the ticket in my pocket? I tried to look into her eyes, but in vain; nothing could I see but that wisp of golden hair which occasionally brushed my chin as with a sur-



"Look at Yon Cavalier, He Wobbles Like a Ship in Distress."



The young Duke of Saragossa, an exceedingly wealthy Spanish grandee, has developed a passion for engine-driving, and has obtained an appointment on the regular staff of the Spanish Northern railway. Twice a week he drives the express from Madrid to San Sebastian.

## MANY JOBS FOR A GIRL

IS STATION AGENT THOUGH ONLY 19 YEARS OLD.

New England Young Woman Looks After Tickets and Freight. Carries the Mail and Acts as Baggage Master.

Rutland, Vt. — Nineteen and a girl, yet station agent, mail carrier, express agent, baggage master and freight agent for the Central Vermont railroad—that is Miss Dossie Elizabeth Hanley of East Granville, in the Green Mountain range. And she has held all these jobs since she was 17 years old.

Admiring friends claim that Miss Hanley is the only young woman in New England holding such a position, or such a multitude of positions that are so distinctively in the sphere of the male. Although just emerged from childhood when appointed, she has done the work of her office for two years without a black mark against her record. Failure to be on hand at train time is unknown not only to Miss Hanley, but to most of the residents of the hamlet.

East Granville is near the uppermost portion of the pass in the Green Mountain range through which the Central Vermont railway makes its way from one side of the state of Vermont to the other. A lumbering community, extending for eight miles back into the mountains to the west, finds a point of connection by the road with the world and its market places.

The amount of business transacted probably makes no appreciable difference in the dividends which stockholders of the system receive, but it is of considerable moment in the operation of traffic through the great ravine and to the safety and convenience of thousands of passengers on the through trains between Boston and Montreal, as well as to the hundreds of cars of freight which daily pass the point. For on the care and watchfulness of the girl in charge of the company's depot, under the sheer cliff of the mountainside, depend their safety.

No difficulty is experienced by Miss

Hanley in handling everything that comes East Granville way. She finds the railroad men all anxious to assist her. Although not many trunks are taken on at the little depot of which she has charge, when one does show up it has as much in it as the railroad will carry without excess rates; and the station agent's heart sank when she saw the first old-fashioned Saratogas intended for transportation.

There are no baggage trucks for the use of the agent, and she did not feel equal to the task of carrying the heavy boxes from the station platform three car lengths up the track to the express car. Willing brakemen saw her dilemma and came to her aid, and four powerful arms made short work of it. So also with much of the express matter billed to the town. One man would have difficulty in handling it, but Miss Hanley's volunteers solve the problem in no time, piling the articles on the freight shed platform, where they are left to be called for by the consignees.

Not many difficulties have been encountered by the young woman in the discharge of her duties. East Granville is not regarded as a particularly healthy location for tramps under any circumstance, and in the winter time it is too cold for them.

## Electricity as Anesthetic.

Paris.—Professor Le Duc of the Medical college of Nantes has perfected a method of anesthetization by electricity. He sends a mild electric current through the body, which so perfectly lulls the sensory nerves that any surgical operation can be performed without the patient feeling pain.

Le Duc claims that his method produces anesthetization as deep as that of chloroform or ether, has none of the dangers of chloroform and is much more conveniently used than ether. Besides, the patient revives in a stronger condition than from chloroform or ether.

A few days ago Le Duc himself submitted to a test of his discovery before many of his colleagues, who seemed much impressed by the results.

## GREAT PROSPERITY IN HOLLAND.

Agriculture and Dairy Farming Flourished Last Year.

London.—The following dispatch from The Hague to the London Times is of interest:

"On the whole the year 1906 may be described as one of the most prosperous years in Holland's recent history. Agriculture and dairy farming, the economic corner stones of the Netherlands, have been more than usually profitable; the dry summer, combining with normally abundant water supply, produced excellent cereal and grass crops and prices ruled very high. Industrial activity was at a high pitch and commerce and shipping left little to complain of. The low water in the Rhine and its estuaries caused some loss and delays to the transit and river-shipping trades, but on the whole these trades also were very active, reflecting, as they did, the state of the German industries which use the Dutch waterways.

"Still more conducive to the national welfare was the remarkable prosperity of the produce trades of Holland's vast East India colonies. Tobacco, tin, sugar, spices and coffee came in abundant supplies and sold

at high prices and this caused a degree of prosperity to prevail in Java, Sumatra and the other possessions which could not fail to affect the numerous Dutch capitalists who have invested enormous sums in these tropical possessions."

## Its Origin Unknown.

What is the origin of the "cock and bull" story? It is the despair of all those who seek to explain this fine old crusted slang of long ago which has managed to persist into present speech, just as we may imagine our present 23 will puzzle a later generation. Brower, in his "Phrase and Fable," explains it is a corruption of a "concocted and bull" story. Evidently recognizing that this is scarcely satisfactory, he presented his researches into bygone religions, dragged up Nergal from the Phoenicians in the representation of a rooster and from the Egyptian Osiris, typified by a bull. From all of which disquisitions it is as clear as may be that no one really knows anything about the story of a cock and a bull. The French have a precisely similar expression in coq-a-lane, and equally they do not know its origin.—New York Sun.

## ADVICE TO RHEUMATICS

Noted Physician Tells How to Prevent and Cure Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

(By Geo. Edmund Flood, M. D.)

If you would avoid Rheumatism and Kidney and Bladder Troubles, be moderate in the consumption of heavy, rich foods, substitute as far as possible soups, broths, fresh milk and drink water—lots of water. Take plenty of time to eat, and don't eat after you have had enough, even if it does taste good. If your work is confining take a moderate amount of exercise each day in the open air.

Of course, neither diet, water, rest nor exercise will cure these afflictions. I advise them as preventives only. For the benefit of the readers of this article who are now afflicted with Rheumatism, Kidney, Bladder or Urinary trouble, and desire to be cured quickly, I give below, complete in every detail, the famous prescription which has made me so successful in the treatment of these diseases. It is the most certain cure for these diseases that I have ever used. It is pleasant to take, it is not expensive, it can be filled by any druggist, and I believe it is the greatest prescription for Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Trouble ever written. It is also a valuable spring tonic and blood purifier. If you are a sufferer, save this, take it to your druggist and have it filled, or get the ingredients and mix them at home.

Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic, ½ ounce.

Concentrated Barkola Compound, 1 ounce.

Fluid Extract Prickly Ash Bark, ½ drachm.

Aromatic Elixir, 4 ounces.

Adult dose, take one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime; children, one-fourth to one-half teaspoonful after meals.

After you are cured follow the advice I have given you in regard to diet, exercise and water, and you will not need the services of a physician again for these ailments.

Other papers are privileged to copy.

## One Way.

A reverend gentleman was addressing a Sunday school class not long ago, and was trying to enforce the doctrine that when people's hearts were sinful they needed regulating. Taking out his watch, and holding it up, he said:

"Now, here's my watch: suppose it doesn't keep good time—now goes too fast, and now too slow—what shall I do with it?"

"Sell it," promptly replied a boy.—Harper's Magazine.

It is a pity to be ill! Take Garfield Tea, the laxative exactly suited to the needs of men, women and children. It is made wholly of herbs, it purifies the blood, eradicates disease, overcomes constipation, brings Good Health.

The archdiocese of Cologne, Germany, is the largest in the world, with a Catholic population of more than 2,000,000.

Nature makes occupation a necessity to us; society makes it a duty; habit may make it a pleasure.—Carpelle.

## EVEN IF DISCOURAGED

TRY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR YOUR RHEUMATISM.

The Pills Have Cured the Disease in Almost Every Form and Even in Advanced Stages.

Rheumatism is a painful inflammation of the muscles or of the coverings of the joints and is sometimes accompanied by swelling. The pain is sharp and shooting and does not confine itself to any one part of the body, but after settling in one joint or muscle for a time, leaves it and passes on to another. The most dangerous tendency of the disease is to attack the heart. External applications may give relief from pain for a time but the disease cannot be cured until the blood is purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose as their action is directly on the blood, making it rich, red and healthy. When the blood is pure there can be no rheumatism.

Mrs. Ellen A. Russell, of South Goff St., Auburn, Me., says: "I had been sick for fifteen years from impure blood, brought on by overwork. My heart was weak and my hands colorless. I was troubled with indigestion and vomiting spells, which came on every few months. I had no appetite and used to have awful fainting spells, falling down when at my work. I frequently felt numb all over. My head ached continuously for five years."

"About two years ago I began to feel rheumatism in my joints, which became so lame I could hardly walk. My joints were swollen and pained me terribly."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me by a friend, after I had failed to get well from the doctor's treatment. When I began taking the pills, the rheumatism was at its worst. I had taken only a few boxes, when the headaches stopped and not long afterward I felt the pain in my joints becoming less and less, until there was none at all. The stiffness was gone and I have never had any return of the rheumatism."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured such diseases as nervous and general debility, indigestion, nervous headache, neuralgia and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. As a tonic for the blood and nerves they are unequalled.

A pamphlet on "Diseases of the Blood," and a copy of our little book will be sent free on request to anyone interested.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.







# MAN WHO TRAPPED 'FRISCO BOODLERS HAS FINE RECORD CALLED KING OF DETECTIVES

*William J. Burns, Most Clever of the Secret Service Agents Employed by Uncle Sam, Has Earned Proud Title by His Many Successes in Running Down Offenders Against the Law—His Methods Are Shrewd, Direct and Straight Forward, and He Has Yet to Record Failure in Any Case in Which He Has Been Employed—Land Grabbers, Boodlers or Counterfeiters All One to Him.*

San Francisco.—William J. Burns, the United States secret service agent who trapped every member of San Francisco's corrupt board of supervisors into a full confession of their guilt, is called "the king of detectives."

Although Burns has this international reputation as a detective, it is hard for his intimates to remember always that Burns is a detective. Thus Francis J. Heney, the prosecutor with whom Burns has worked through the land fraud cases in Oregon and in the San Francisco boodler cases, finds his associate a source of continual surprise.

"Burns amuses me," said Heney one day recently, as he looked out the window of his office in the unburnt "Western Addition" of San Francisco,



Trapping a Boodler.

while Burns was whirling by in his automobile.

"Look at him!" he exclaimed. "He is as placid and dignified as a lord in his carriage."

Burns was leaning back at his ease in the rear seat of the big tonneau, immaculately groomed, with a look of imperturbable boredom on his face.

The lawyers associated with Heney in the prosecution of Abe Ruef and Mayor Schmitz were in the room at the time, and they fell into a discussion of the man.

## Methodical in Everything.

"What interests me most about Burns is that he never misses a meal," said Cobb, Heney's partner. "I never saw him in too much of a hurry to take his hour for dinner at the regular time. He is methodical in everything. It is all in a day's work with Burns, and when he turns in at night he sleeps like a top."

"Yet he never procrastinates," put in District Attorney Langdon. "I asked him the other night if he thought he could get a man we wanted and bring him to the office in the morning."

"What's the matter with getting him now?" said Burns. Taking down the receiver from the phone he called up a saloon. His man was there. Burns told him it would be better for his health to surrender himself at our office without delay. The man came at once."

"What interests me about Burns," put in J. Dwyer, another of the attorneys of the graft prosecution, "is his personality. He gets the men he is after to like him. Ruef likes him now better than any of his own men. These two swap stories to each other until you can't believe Burns is working all the time to land Ruef in San Quentin prison."

"He can mimic a Frenchman, an Englishman, a Dutchman to perfection, and the stories he tells sound like good fiction. I believe it is his magnetism as much as his persistence that wins for him."

## His First Important Case.

This is the story of Burns' first important case, as told by himself: "It was in 1890, in St. Louis. A number of firebugs had been burning down houses for insurance money. They rented these houses; then they put in velvet carpets, elegant furniture, pianos and so forth, which they insured. As soon as they had their policies they would move out the furniture. Then they would light a

two-hour candle, and at two o'clock in the morning the house would burn down with a complete loss. In this way they had got hundreds of thousands of dollars out of the insurance companies.

"When I was called into the case it had been pretty thoroughly gone over by Pinkerton men, who had located the suspects. The difficulty was to get legal evidence. Jim French, who later fled to Honduras, after having served his first sentence, which I got against him, was the leader of the gang."

"The difficulty in all such cases is to uncover the tracks of the criminals while avoiding direct methods. Instead of going out to induce some of the marked men to come to the front with a confession, I went to them under the name of 'Williams' and told them that I had been sent by the insurance companies to investigate the detectives that had been working on the case who were accused of misappropriating their expense money. While carrying on this 'special investigation' I was able to gather around me all the gang. From them I selected the one man who, I thought, could give me the evidence. This fellow, John Rudd by name, never knew until the day that he was called into the grand jury room that he had been aiding in the apprehension of the incendiaries."

## Suspected Informer Killed.

"When all was ready I went before the grand jury and explained the case. The insurance agents told their losses and then we called in Rudd and explained to him his part in the case. After indictments had been brought in there was a terrible uproar. Some member of the grand jury told the gang that a man by the name of Burns had come before them and told the whole story. No one knew Burns. I had been going under the name of Williams, but the following night one of the gang was suspected by his fellows of being 'Burns' and was shot dead in a saloon. They never knew until the first day of the trial who I was."

Marshal McDonald was trying the case. I was sitting beside him. When Rudd was on the stand he was asked, on cross-examination, to whom he had first told the story.

"To a man who called himself Williams," he replied.

"Do you know his true name?"

"I understand now that it is Burns."

"Oh, this mysterious Mr. Burns! How long is it since you saw him last?"

"Just now."

"Is he here now?"

"Yes."

"In this room?"

"He is sitting beside you," was the answer.

"This was the first that Jim French and the rest of the gang knew of the part I had taken in the investigation."

As Burns sat at his desk telling the story, he had the appearance of a banker explaining a deal in stocks. He is as far from the dime novel detective as he is from the wonderful Mr. Sherlock Holmes or Conan Doyle's novels.

"Chief Wilkie of the secret service once remarked to me," said Heney. "that Burns was a man with a sixth sense, who could tell as if by instinct when a man was telling the truth, and when he had told all he knew. My experience with Burns bears this out. Once in the Oregon land fraud cases I thought a witness was holding something back. Burns said he had told all he knew, and Burns was right. At another time I thought a witness had made a complete confession. Burns said: 'Keep at him!' sure enough the most incriminating part of his story came out afterward."

"One thing that has surprised me in Burns," added Langdon. "is this. He never wastes any time in bluffing. Every one here in town knows his automobile. But, do you think if he wanted you to-night he would stop a block away and send his machine back? No, sir. He would go straight to your door. Toot, toot, and ring the bell."

## Never Wore a Disguise.

Burns himself has this to say about his work as a detective:

"People seem to think that there is something uncanny about detective work. They imagine we go around

disguised in false whiskers and wearing blue goggles. I never use a disguise, except a change of clothes. But I can take one of my men and let you talk with him; then bring him in to-morrow and let you see him and you would not believe him the same man. Here in San Francisco every one knows me—at least all the grafters do—so it would be useless to try a disguise."

Burns' methods all through the Ruef case have been surprisingly open. When he started out to capture Ruef after his friends, the sheriff and the coroner, had been pretending to search for him in vain for a week, Burns assembled his posse in half a dozen automobiles in front of Heney's office; with Ruef's lawyers' offices but half a block away. He had ten men with him, but the open way with which he went about the job made the attorneys for the grafter think it must be all a ruse, and no effort was made to follow the party. They went straight to the resort at the Trocadero in the outskirts of San Francisco, where Burns knew that Ruef was in hiding. Burns had the house surrounded; then he walked in and surprised Ruef at dinner. He had his man back at Heney's office within three hours.

## Surprising a Bribe-Taker.

Of his present work Burns himself says: "This San Francisco case is one of the most interesting I have ever had. Of course municipal graft cases are all somewhat alike. You know who the men are who have got official favors. The first thing to do is to single out the official who you think will accept a bribe, and then get at him by inducing him to accept what he thinks is a bribe. Of course your money is marked. Then you surprise him in the act. After that you have him cold. Through him you get at the bribe-givers."

"When I started in on this work in San Francisco I expected to get after each of the supervisors singly, but one of the newspapers got wind of it and published the story how we were working on one man. That spoiled things for us, and I had to resort to other methods."

What Burns had done was to induce the proprietor of a skating rink who had fallen out with Mayor Schmitz to have an ordinance in his favor introduced in the board of supervisors. Then he arranged to buy the vote of one of them—Loneragan by name—for \$500. Burns was concealed in the room when the marked money was passed. He pounced forth at the psychological moment when Loneragan was taking the bribe.

"Take the money," said the trapped boodler, pale as a sheet. "I am done for."

"I'll take the money, and I'll take you, too," said Burns. With that he scared the man into a complete confession. Previous to this he had secured another confession from one of Loneragan's colleagues who was ill and thought he was about to die.

## A Boodler Trapped.

With the inside information of these two confessions Burns got to work on all the other supervisors. They were so scared that the whole 18 came through with a rush. When Heney

and then branched out into making hundred dollar bills.

"In the letter I opened I found three of the bills which were being sent to Taylor and Briddell by Kendig & Jacobs, cigar merchants in Lancaster, Pa., with whom they operated. I marked the bills, replaced them in the envelopes and remailed the letter."

"Later, when Chief Wilkie and I went to search Taylor and Briddell's place and put them under arrest I pried open a drawer in their desk. I found two of the three bills I had taken from the letter and marked."

"Wilkie was standing beside me at the time, and I said to him, loud enough for the two men under arrest to hear:

"That's funny. Jacobs' told us there were three of these bills."

"Briddell bit at the bait."

"Burns," he said, "how many men have you got under arrest in this case?"

"I named every man who was connected with the case. None of them was under arrest at the time."

"That's enough for me," said Briddell. "We don't make any more trouble for you."

"He gave me his full confession on the spot. It was opening the letter that told the trick. Of course Jacobs had told us nothing."

## Counterfeiters Caught.

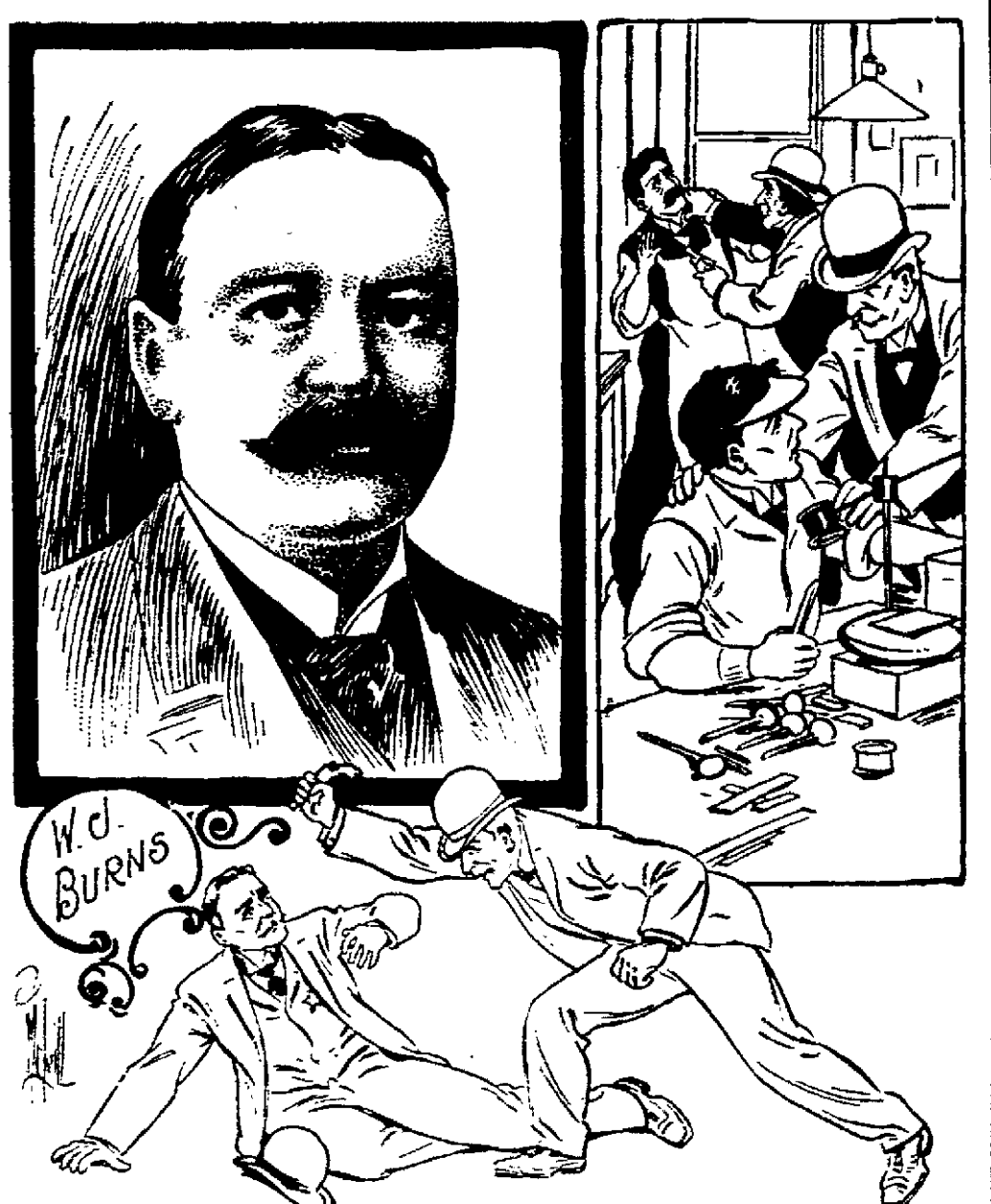
An illustration of careful detective work is Burns' method in running down two counterfeiters from Central America. They were Gen. Frederico Mora and Ricardo de Requisens. These two men had been making counterfeit notes in the United States of the 100 peso notes of Costa Rica. Our government was asked to apprehend the counterfeiters, and Burns was entrusted with the job. Others had worked at it before, but all Burns had to start with was a sofa wrapped up in burlap in which \$3,000,000 of the counterfeit notes had been stuffed for shipment to Costa Rica. On the burlap was the mark, "XX 1634."

Starting from this, Burns found that the burlap had been originally used in packing a shipment of overalls from a factory in Newburg. It was the shipping number. In Newburg Burns went over the books of the factory and found that those particular overalls had been shipped to a dry goods store in Long Island City. There they told him that they had recently sold a piece of burlap to an old lady by the name of Mrs. Chevins. It did not look promising.

But, when Burns learned that Mrs. Chevins had a son-in-law, one Ricardo de Requisens, who hailed from Costa Rica, he thought the trail was getting warm.

De Requisens was living with a young widow from Pittsburg at the house of his mother, Mrs. Chevins. Burns placed De Requisens and the widow under arrest. Then he sent one of his men to the jail with an alleged message to the effect that if he would produce the plates of the counterfeit notes the government would abandon his prosecution.

After the messenger left, De Requisens was visited by his mother-in-law. When she left him Burns followed her to her home in Long Island City.



held out promise of ultimate immunity every man jack of them was willing to squeal.

It looked easy. All things are easy to those who know how. Burns has not been doing detective work for nothing these 20 years.

## Tricks of the Profession.

"But how about the tricks of the profession that one hears so much about?" I asked.

"Oh, yes, there are tricks. I can let you seal a letter with your seal, and I will take it out of the envelope, read it, and put it back, and you cannot tell that it has been opened."

"In the famous 'hundred dollar bill' case in Philadelphia I intercepted a letter to Taylor and Briddell, the engravers who had spent \$100,000 in copying the paper on which the government money is printed. They had begun by counterfeiting cigar revenue stamps. They made \$260,000 at that,

## TWO BIG QUESTIONS

THE "MORAL OBLIGATION" AND "DOES IT PAY?"

## SHOULD BE CONSIDERED

An Honest Answer to These Will Keep the Trade with the Home Merchant Every Time.

(Copyrighted, 1906, by Alfred C. Clark.)

When the thrifty person or his wife sits down for the first time—or any time—with the mail order catalogue and its temptations, there are two, and only two, points to be taken into consideration.

One of these is moral obligation, and the chances are that that will be dismissed as sentimental nonsense. The other is—Will it pay? and to that the thrifty person will be inclined to interpret an answer from the prices quoted in black-faced figures in the catalogue.

Neither of these questions should be lightly dismissed. Moral obligation is not sentimental nonsense, and black-faced figures sometimes lie.

The duty a man owes to his own community and his obligation to trade at home are so often reiterated in the country press that, possibly like some of the preaching, it has a tendency to harden the hearts of the sinners. What has your neighboring town

household, and that among the duties to his family and to the heirs of his estate is that of practicing judicious economy—buying where he can buy the cheapest and to the best advantage. And this brings us to the second point in the argument—the paramount question in this commercial age—"Will it pay?"

By most people an affirmative answer to that question is accepted as the call of duty. As a matter of fact, "Will it pay?" is a good test to apply to any project or proposition. There are commercial, as well as political, demagogues, and the man who is appealed to on the score of patriotism or profit, duty or dollars, can scarcely do better than to sit down by himself and submit that question—"Will it pay?"—to his own best judgment. Provided always, that he goes to the very bottom of it.

What are the relative advantages of buying at the local store and ordering from a catalogue house? Advantages, understand, that figure in the question, "Will it pay?" Don't get away from that question. It certainly is very comfortable to sit down by your own fireside and select a dress pattern or a sulky plow from a printed description and a picture of the article; much more comfortable, in fact, than hitching up and driving to town on a raw day.

A consideration more important, perhaps, is that the printed price in the catalogue seems, in some cases at least, to be lower than the price quoted at the local store. Isn't that conclusive? Let's see. The catalogue describes the goods and quotes a



The fire of publicity is the medium the mail-order houses are using to destroy this community. It is up to you, Mr. Merchant, to fight the devil with fire. By the aid of the local press you can hold him over the scorching flames, and put a stop to his devastating competition so far as this community is concerned. Will you not assist in the good fight?

given you, Mr. Farmer? A market for your produce. What has made 25 to 50 per cent. of the present value of your farm? The accessibility of a market. You know what your grandfather did on that same farm? Drove his hogs and hauled his grain 30, 50, maybe 75 miles to the nearest market town, and received prices for them that would make you howl about the trusts. And he hauled back the family supplies for which he paid what you would consider monopolistic prices. Do you happen to know what the old farm was worth then? Well, it lacked a good deal of being \$75 or \$100 an acre.

Yes, the home town, with its handy market, has advanced the value of your property and made you worth several thousand dollars more than your grandfather was worth. The home town affords schooling for your children, and perhaps social and church privileges which your family would not otherwise enjoy. The rural mail routes and telephone systems, radiating from the home town, as spokes from a hub, bring to your home the greatest conveniences of modern times.

Have you ever noticed that the first thing the settlers of a newly-opened reservation do is to send for a wagon load of mail order catalogues? Well, I haven't. They lay out a town site every six or eight miles, start two or three general stores, build a school house, a church, a blacksmith shop, a grain elevator, petition the department for a post office, and start a newspaper. They know, from former experience, that, with these things close by, life will be endurable, whatever hardships may come. They know, also, that without them they must live lives of isolation and endure an existence that is contrary to all natural human instincts.

On the other hand, it goes without saying, that the average country town cannot exist without the support of its tributary territory. Then, if that town affords the advantages for the rural citizen that have been enumerated, there exists what we may call an interdependence and a moral obligation between the two. Are you, Mr. Thrifty Farmer, living up to that obligation when you do your trading with the mail order house?

To this line of argument the farmer may answer that his greatest obligation, his first duty, is to his immediate

price; maybe it gives a picture of the article also, but you don't see the goods. The local merchant shows you the goods; you may examine them critically; he may allow you to test them or to call in an expert to advise you. Is it fair to conclude that the catalogue article is the cheaper just because the price is lower?

An element that must enter into the comparison of goods and prices is, that in any attempt to fool the customer, the local merchant is decidedly at a disadvantage. He must show the goods, not merely describe them. His business depends wholly upon the limited trading area of his town and his ability to inspire confidence within that circle. He cannot afford to make a practice of misrepresenting his goods.

The mail order house is not so tied down to the maxim that "Honesty is the best policy." It has no neighbors, no fellow citizens, no mutual interests with its patrons. Its trade area is wide and always shifting. Naturally these conditions do not demand extraordinary vigilance in supplying honest-made goods. And where vigilance is not a needed employee in the business he is generally taken off the payroll, which makes a saving in expense, as well as in the cost of the goods. If lower prices are quoted by the catalogue house, may not this account for it?

"Will it pay?" Is it a matter of economy to buy inferior and damaged goods when the same money, or even a little more, will pay for goods of the best quality? Which course does a man's first duty to his own household dictate?

But to get at the bottom of that question, we must consider the far-reaching general effect of mail order trading. If single catalogue houses are to be capitalized at \$40,000,000, they must be reckoned with along with Standard Oil, the beef trust and railroad mergers. If they are allowed to suck the blood from our country towns, your grandchildren will find conditions much the same as those of your grandfather's time. Their markets will be 30, 50 or 75 miles away. The towns and villages will be deserted, and the "hubs" will be too distant to send the radiating spokes of rural mail, telephone lines and other modern conveniences far down the country.

CHARLES BRADSHAW.